

## SMR SYSTEM MACH3

## SURGICAL TECHNIQUE



## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

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Limacorporate spa is a manufacturer of prosthetic implants and as such does not perform medical procedures. This documentation concerning surgical techniques, which provides surgeons with general guidelines for implanting the SMR SYSTEM, was developed with the advice of a team of surgical experts. All decisions as to the type of surgery and most suitable technique are obviously the responsibility of the health care professional. Surgeons must make their own decisions as to the adequacy of each planned implant technique based on their training, experience and the clinical condition of the patient. For further information about our products, please visit our web site at www.limacorporate.com

#### INDICATIONS

The SMR Shoulder System is intended for partial or total, primary or revision shoulder joint replacement in skeletally mature patients.

The SMR Anatomic Shoulder System is indicated for partial or total, primary or revision shoulder joint replacement in patients suffering from disability due to:

- non-inflammatory degenerative joint disease including osteoarthritis and avascular necrosis;
- inflammatory degenerative joint disease such as rheumatoid arthritis;
- treatment of acute fractures of the humeral head that cannot be treated with other fracture fixation methods;
- revision of a failed primary implant (not applicable to Sub-Scapularis Sparing technique; in case of SMR Cementless Finned Short Stems only if sufficient bone stock remains);
- cuff tear arthropathy (CTA Heads only, not applicable to Sub-Scapularis Sparing technique).

The Large Resection Stems are indicated for oncology applications.

The SMR Reverse Shoulder System is indicated for primary, fracture or revision total shoulder replacement in a grossly rotator cuff deficient joint with severe arthropathy (disabled shoulder). The patient's joint must be anatomically and structurally suited to receive the selected implants and a functional deltoid muscle is necessary to use the device.

The modular SMR Shoulder System allows the assembly of components in various humeral and glenoid constructs. The constructs are intended for cemented and uncemented use as specified in the following table.



Consult instruction for use provided in the product package.

In the Anatomic shoulder the humeral construct consists of the humeral stem, the humeral body, the adaptor taper and the humeral head. In the Reverse shoulder the humeral construct consists of the humeral stem, the reverse humeral body and the reverse liner. On the humeral side the fixation of the humeral stem determines if the construct is cemented or uncemented.

The Anatomic glenoid construct consists of an all polyethylene glenoid while the Reverse glenoid construct consists of the metal back, the connector and the glenosphere. On the glenoid side, the fixation of the all polyethylene glenoid or the metal back determines if the construct is cemented or uncemented.

## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Indications, contraindications and warnings

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The Dia. 52 and 54 mm Humeral Heads with + 2mm increased height compared to the standard humeral heads with same diameter cannot be coupled to the Long Adaptor Tapers (both concentric and eccentric).

#### WARNINGS

**Note.** With CTA heads the use of Trauma Humeral Bodies is recommended to avoid possible impingement between the head and the body when using the Finned Humeral Body and the eccentric tapers in the lower position.

**Note.** The size Large metal back is not suitable for coupling with 36 mm and 40 mm glenospheres.

Note. The Dia. 50, 52 and 54 mm Humeral Heads with + 3mm increased height cannot be coupled to the Long Adaptor Tapers (both concentric and eccentric). The Dia. 52 and 54 mm Humeral Heads with + 2mm increased height cannot be coupled to the Long Adaptor Tapers (both concentric and eccentric).

**Note.** The SMR Glenoid Plates are compatible with Reverse HP Glenospheres only.

**Note.** SMR 140° Reverse humeral bodies are indicated for use only with 36mm glenospheres and the related 36mm reverse humeral liner.

**Note.** SMR lateralized connectors are not indicated for use with glenoid bone grafting technique.

Note. The following table identifies the allowed (✓) / not allowed (≭) combinations between the SMR Lateralized Connectors and the SMR Glenospheres:

	Lateralized Connector		
Glenosphere	Lat +2mm	Lat +4mm	
Dia. 36mm	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Dia. 36mm Ecc.	×	×	
Reverse HP Dia. 40mm	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$	
Reverse HP Dia. 44mm	$\checkmark$	×	
Reverse HP Dia. 44mm Corrective (Ecc.)	×	×	

#### CONTRAINDICATIONS

Absolute contraindications include

- local or systemic infection;
- septicaemia;
- persistent acute or chronic osteomyelitis;
- confirmed nerve lesion compromising shoulder joint function;
- deltoid muscle insufficiency.

Relative contraindications include:

- vascular or nerve diseases affecting the concerned limb;
- poor bone stock (for example due to osteoporosis or extended previous revision surgery) compromising the stability of the implant;
- metabolic disorders which may impair fixation and stability of the implant;
- any concomitant disease and dependence that might affect the implanted prosthesis;
- metal hypersensitivity to implant materials.

Relative contraindications related to the Sub-Scapularis Sparing Technique include:

- revision surgery;
- obesity\*;
- medial glenoid erosion;
- severe rotator cuff tendinopathy;
- internal rotation contracture.

In cases of bone tumors, use an appropriate system designed to treat cases requiring large bone resections (SMR Large Resections stems). The use of primary or revision implants not designed and intended for use in cases of bone resection may result in a poor outcome and / or failure of the implant or implant fixation.

\* According to the definition of the World Health Organization (WHO), Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than or equal to 30 Kg/m2.

## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Introduction

#### RISK FACTORS

The following risk factors may result in poor results with this prosthesis:

- overweight\*;
- strenuous physical activities (active sports, heavy physical work);
- incorrect implant positioning;
- muscle deficiencies;
- wrong size of components;
- multiple joint disabilities;
- refusal to modify postoperative physical activities;
- patient history of infections or falls;
- systemic diseases and metabolic disorders;
- local or disseminated neoplastic diseases
- drug therapies that adversely affect bone quality, healing, or resistance to infection
- drug use or alcoholism;
- marked osteoporosis or osteomalacia;
- patient's resistance to disease generally weakened (HIV, tumour, infections);
- severe deformity leading to impaired anchorage or improper positioning of implants;
- use our combinations with products, prosthesis or instruments of another manufacturer;
- error of operative technique.

\* According to the definition of the World Health Organization (WHO), Body Mass Index (BMI) greater than or equal to 25 Kg/m2.

#### ▼ PREOPERATIVE PLANNING

Pre-operative planning, through radiographic templates in different formats, provides essential information regarding the type and size of components to be used and the correct combination of required devices based on the anatomy and specific conditions of each patient. Inadequate preoperative planning can lead to improper selection of the implants and/or incorrect implant positioning. In selecting patients for surgery, the following factors can be critical to the eventual success of the procedure:

- Partial Shoulder replacement: in cases with a deficient and unreconstructable rotator cuff, a CTA-head is indicated;
- Total Shoulder replacement: the rotator cuff must be

intact or reconstructable. In cases with a deficient and un-reconstructable rotator cuff, a hemiprosthesis with a CTA head or a Reverse Total Shoulder Arthroplasty is indicated.

 Reverse Shoulder replacement: the bone stock of the glenoid and humerus must be able to support the implant. In cases with significant bone loss and in which adequate fixation on the glenoid side cannot be obtained, a hemiarthroplasty with a CTA-head should be performed.

Standard X-rays are used to assist with planning of the operation. It is recommended to use a normal ap-view in internal and external rotation as well as an axillary view, Bernageau or Morrison view. In a fracture case it is recommended to use a CT-Scan with three-dimensional reconstruction.

If required, an MRI can be used for clear examination of the extent of the bone deficit and to see the muscle/capsule quality. In cases of osteoarthritis and osteonecrosis a magnetic resonance exam is suggested to clearly evaluate the bone deficiency and the quality of the muscle and the capsule. In post-traumatic cases, such as in special cases of disabled shoulder, a neurological exam is helpful for decision making. Templates are used in all osteoarthritic cases; they can also be used in fracture cases but often in a limited mode, depending on the type of fracture.

The x-ray templates provided for SMR have a 105% scale; digital templates are available as well.

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Introduction

#### ANAESTHESIA

Shoulder surgery is one of the areas in which an understanding of the surgery and participation by the anaesthesiologist is important for the outcome of the surgery. This applies to accurate preoperative evaluation of the patient as well as intra op techniques. They should have a good understanding of positioning on the operating table and postoperative pain management.

Shoulder prosthetic replacement can be performed with regional (scalenus) anaesthesia combined with sedation and/or with general anaesthesia. The modern technique of interscalenic block was introduced by Winnie in 1970 and soon became the standard for anaesthesia and postoperative pain management of shoulder surgery. Requested surgical positioning (beach chair position) must be accurately followed by the anaesthetic staff to avoid hypotension and consequent brain hypoperfusion.

Artificial hypotension during surgery can only be performed under accurate anaesthesia.

Postoperative analgesia is important and can be performed by continuous or single-injection nerve blocks or intravenously. If for any reason a nerve block is not possible, patient-controlled analgesia (PCA) is recommended.

#### POSITIONING

Shoulder arthroplasty is normally performed in a "beachchair" position; the surgeon needs complete access to the shoulder joint. The arm is free or stabilized by arm-holders. The shoulder must be positioned off the edge of the table to afford unobstructed arm extension.

The patient's head must be supported and stabilized in the neutral position. Nerve injury due to brachial plexus traction during positioning and surgery must be avoided. If possible, one assistant stays behind the shoulder, the second on the opposite side of the patient, so the surgeon has a complete anterior view of the shoulder and can move the joint without any obstacles.

## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Introduction

#### ACCESS

We recommend two types of surgical approach to the shoulder joint. As in every surgical procedure, the access depends not only on diagnosis and planned surgical treatment but also on the experience of the surgeon. Ranges of glenohumeral motion are evaluated while anaesthetized to confirm the preoperative assessment and the extent of capsular release needed to restore ROM postoperatively.

#### DELTO-PECTORAL APPROACH



Make an anterior vertical incision, starting 1 cm lateral of the coracoid bone, slanting towards the axillary's pouch. If there is a metaphysis fracture, slant laterally towards the deltoid insertion at the humerus.

The cephalic vein is dissected and the deltopectoral interval is developed, retracting the deltoid and the cephalic vein laterally.

The clavipectoral fascia is incised along the lateral edge of the conjoined tendon up to the coracoacromial ligament. With the clavipectoral fascia incised, a retractor can easily be placed over the superolateral aspect of the humeral head to retract the deltoid.

The conjoined tendon is retracted medially.

The musculocutaneous nerve penetrates the lateral coracobrachialis muscle between 3 and 8 cm distal to the tip of the coracoid process. The position of the axillary nerve should be identified along the anterior surface of the subscapularis muscle, deep to the conjoined tendon. The axillary nerve crosses the inferolateral border of the subscapularis 3 to 5 mm medial to its musculotendinous junction and has an intimate anatomic relation with the inferior capsule.

The anterior humeral circumflex artery and veins are visualized, ligated and divided. The subscapularis tendon is released, divided 1 cm medial to its attachment or with some bone chip of the lesser tuberosity. Separate the subscapularis from the capsule and incision of the capsule is performed to the inferior border of the glenoid rim, protecting the axillary nerve with a blunt retractor. Release of the subscapularis and 360° capsular release.

**Closure:** Accurate reconstruction of the minor and major tubercles by suture, bone anchors or cerclage. If the long head of the biceps tendon is intact, also reconstruct the biceps groove to avoid impingement. Closure of delto-pectoral groove.

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Introduction

LATERAL (DELTOID SPLITTING) APPROACH



Begin the incision at the anterolateral tip of the acromion and carry it distally over the deltoid muscle about 5 cm. Define the tendinous interval 4 to 5 cm long between the anterior and middle thirds of the deltoid; splitting the muscle here provides an avascular approach to underlying structures. Incise the thin wall of the subdeltoid bursa and explore the rotator cuff as desired by rotating and abducting the arm to bring different parts of it into view in the floor of the wound.

#### - CLOSURE

After the definitive prosthesis has been implanted, reconstruction of the rotator cuff is recommended by re-fixation of the subscapularis in the reverse case.

In case of anatomic reconstruction evaluate after reattachment of the subscapularis if closure of the rotator interval is needed for further stability or not. Closure of the deltopectoral fascia, subcutaneous adaption and skin closure.



#### PRELIMINARY PHASES

Prosthetic treatment of acute traumas is generally limited to complex fractures-dislocations: fractures in 3-4 fragments, dislocation fractures of the humeral head, compression fractures with over 50% of the articular surface being damaged, etc.

#### FRACTURE FRAGMENT REMOVAL

It is recommended to locate distally the tendon of the long head of the biceps muscle, as it serves as guide for identifying the lesser and the greater tuberosities. These fragments are carefully preserved with the tendons of the rotator cuff inserted. Once the articular cavity has been entered, the other fragments are removed, including the humeral head. If the arm is extended and externally rotated, the diaphyseal stump can be clearly seen.

#### PREPARATION OF THE HUMERAL CANAL

Connect the *trial stem* (C18/C19 or E19 for short stems) with the diameter assessed during the preoperative plan to the *quick* connection stem impactor (E18) (Figure 1). To do this, insert the trial stem on the impactor aligning the laser marks (Figure 2), then turn it by approximately 90° counterclockwise and finally close the impactor's lever to engage the locking mechanism (Figure 3). Check that the spikes of the quick connection stem impactor are properly inserted in their seats on the trial stem (Figure 4) and then tap the stem into the canal (Figure 5).

Check the press-fit inside the canal by pulling the impactor and, if necessary, replace the stem with the next size up.

Note. in the event that trial stem remains into the humerus, to remove it connect the adaptor for stem extractor (H19) by screwing it into the trial stem, then screw in the stem extractor (D18) and tap the system out.

Warning! Please carefully evaluate the clinical case before implanting a 45mm cementless stem.



Figure 6

#### USE OF THE TRAUMA RULER

## ASSESSMENT VIA THE "PECTORALIS MAJOR TENDON" RULE

The *trauma ruler (T28)* is provided to support the surgeon in the assessment of final implant height according to the "Pectoralis Major Tendon" rule (Torrens et al. 2008). In this case, use the Pectoralis Major Tendon proximal insertion as a specific reference point. The rule recommends placing the implant 56 mm above the upper insertion of the pectoralis major to restore, to a good approximation, the original anatomy of the fractured humerus.

Insert the trauma ruler in its seat on the *quick connection* stem impactor (E18) (Figure 6) to assess implant's height.

If this rule is applied, the trauma ruler will therefore provide final implant height at 56 mm from the proximal insertion of the Pectoralis Major Tendon when a 46 mm humeral head, medium humeral body and a neutral adaptor taper are used (*Figure 7*). If a larger or smaller diameter humeral head with a neutral



adaptor taper is used instead, the implant will be 1 mm upper or lower each size respectively with regards to the horizontal mark (e.g.: 48 mm humeral head: +1 mm, 50 mm humeral head: +2 mm etc.).

The use of an eccentric adaptor taper and/or the use of a flattened humeral head will also affect final implant's height compared with the one indicated by the mark of the trauma ruler. In these cases, the surgeon should therefore assess final implant's height according to his/ her experience by using the trial components.

Once the correct stem diameter has been determined and the indicated measurement has been noted, remove the trauma ruler, the quick connection stem impactor and the trial stem and proceed to the next surgical step.

The instruments feature color coding to support the surgical team using the system. The SMR humeral body is available in the three sizes: SHORT, MEDIUM and LONG. The color code is yellow for the Short size, orange for the Medium and purple for the Long size.



Apply a Medium, Long or Short *trial humeral body (H28)* to the selected stem and tighten the locking screw using the *Allen wrench 5 mm (M28)* properly connected to the *T-handle with Zimmer connection (F18) (Figure 8)*.

Assemble the *inserter-extractor handle (A28)* with the *anatomic adaptor sleeve (B28) (Figure 9)* by pushing the button on the inserter-extractor handle and by sliding in the adaptor. The handle has color coated grooves (yellow for the Short size, orange for the Medium and purple for the Long size): ensure that the adaptor sleeve is properly connected according to the trial humeral body size.

Place the trial implant assembly on the previously assembled inserter and fasten it by closing the red lever *(Figure 10)*.



Figure 12

Before inserting the assembly into the canal, connect the *alignment rod (R28)* into the appropriate retroversion hole (LEFT or RIGHT for the corresponding shoulder side) on the adaptor sleeve to obtain the chosen retroversion angle (20° and 30° positions are available).

Next, align the rod with the forearm flexed at  $90^{\circ}$  (*Figure 11*). In this position, the implant will be inserted according to the chosen retroversion ( $20^{\circ}$  or  $30^{\circ}$ ).

If more or less retroversion is required, the rod should be externally or internally rotated respectively, by an angle of choice.

Insert the stem in the canal and as soon as the fins start to disappear, insert the trauma ruler in the seat to copy the height of the previously measured implant. Option. As an alternative to the inserter-extractor handle a trial implant can be completed by assembling the trial body with the trial stem selected, which has been left in its seat. Apply the trial humeral body and tighten the locking screw using the Allen wrench 5 mm (M28) with the help of the body stopper (I28) (Figure 12).



Figure 13



Figure 14



Figure 15



Figure 16

Figure 17

#### TRIAL ADAPTORS AND HUMERAL HEADS

The head diameter is determined using the *head* gauge (F28) (Figure 13). Insert the *neutral trial adaptor* (G28) into the *trial humeral head* (E28 or A25) by hand (Figure 14) and fit the head to the taper of the trial humeral body (Figure 15). Reduce the joint and check the match with the glenoid in neutral position of the arm. If it is not well aligned with the glenoid cavity, substitute the neutral adaptor with an eccentric one. Make up for any ligamentous laxity by using a long adaptor.

To remove trial adaptors use the *extracting pliers for trial adaptors (V28)* (*Figure 16*). If an eccentric adaptor is used, note the position of the head, using the arrow as a reference (*Figure 17*). This procedure helps to place the final head in the correct position. If there is no humeral landmark near the head, memorise the last adaptor peg seat in the trial humeral body. The final head peg should be inserted in the same seat again. Remove all trial components.

Caution! During this step, the head is not locked to the neck of the humeral body, therefore when inserting the humerus in the articular cavity again, make sure that the head does not uncouple.



#### INSERTION OF THE FINNED STEM

Take the final finned stem with the same size as the last trial stem used. Also take the trauma humeral body in the height required.

#### INSERTION OF THE STEM AND FINAL BODY

Assemble the final humeral body on the finned stem. If the *stem extractor (D18)* is screwed in with force, it will engage the Morse taper (*Figure 18*). The *body stopper (I28)* can be used to exert a countertorque.

Remove the extractor and tighten the safety screw using the *Allen wrench 5 mm (M28) (Figure 19).* The *body stopper (I28)* can be used to exert a countertorque again.

Connect the implant to the inserter-extractor handle assembled with the anatomic adaptor sleeve (*Figure 20*).

Important! Check that the adaptor sleeve is engaged in the proper position according to the humeral body size: yellow for Small humeral body, orange for medium and purple for long size.

Before inserting the implant, connect the *alignment rod (R28)* into the appropriate retroversion hole on the anatomic adaptor sleeve and repeat the alignment procedure with the forearm to obtain the chosen retroversion angle.

Tap the implant into the canal (*Figure 21*) and stop when the trauma ruler has reached the required depth in relation to the reference point that had been previously chosen on the humeral stump (*Figure 22*); remove the introducer.



Figure 24

Figure 25

Figure 26

#### ✓ APPLICATION OF THE ADAPTOR TAPER TO THE HUMERAL HEAD

Remove the appropriate adaptor taper and final head from the sterile packaging.

Apply the adaptor taper to the head (*Figure 23*). If an eccentric adaptor taper is used, insert it by aligning the marking with that of the humeral head (*Figure 24*). The concentric adaptor taper has no such markings. Connect the *humeral head press (D28)* to the *T-handle (F18)*.

Position the system in the *humeral head press (D28)* and tighten. In this way the head and the adaptor taper will be press fitted together while applying an opposite force with the *multipurpose handle (G18) (Figure 25)*.

#### INSERTION OF THE HUMERAL HEAD

Apply the humeral head to the humeral body inserting the adaptor taper peg in the same position as the trial component.

Make sure that the contact surfaces are perfectly clean and that the head or adaptor does not contact the bone, as this could compromise the stability of the Morse taper coupling. Lastly, secure the taper coupling by tapping with the *humeral head impactor (C28) (Figure 26)*.



Figure 27

#### REDUCTION AND SUTURE

The joint is reduced by means of gentle traction and internal rotation (*Figure 27*).

The capsule is not sutured to avoid stiffness and restriction. Accurate reconstruction of the tuberosities around the humeral body and reinsertion of the subscapularis muscle, by trans-osseous stitches to the lesser tuberosity, is performed.

The use of suction drainage is recommended.



#### CEMENTED STEM

If cemented stems are used, the operating technique has a few variations. Proceed as described previously, replacing the "finned stem" with the "cemented stem" (*Figure 33*). Use a stem of two diameters smaller than the trial one, this will create a cement mantle of 1 mm. Instruments and procedure remain the same.

Fill the canal with cement, then insert the assembled components with the introducer assembly. Proceed with the surgical technique only when the cement has set.

Pay attention to proximal cleaning of the humeral head and humeral body. The tapers must be free from cement.

Finally tap the humeral head as described in the previous paragraphs.

In this case the humeral head may not be flush with the resected surface of the humerus.





#### PREOPERATIVE PLANNING

Pre-operative planning is highly recommended with the use of templates showing a 5% enlarged image of the profiles. Use good quality frontal view radiographs with adequate contrast that are large enough to contain the entire length of the pre-op template stems.Select the stem size and resection level of the humeral head, which will serve as a reference for the final implant height.

#### DISLOCATION OF THE HUMERAL HEAD

Disinsert the subscapularis tendon at its insertion on the lesser tuberosity and medialize the tendon, dividing it from the underneath capsule. Perform an anterior-oblique capsulotomy, paying attention to avoid injury of the axillary nerve. A retractor, placed between the capsule and the tendon, can be used for protecting the nerve.

With careful external rotation and extension (the humerus may be osteoporotic and osteophytes may block the rotation process), the humeral head is dislocated from the front. All humeral osteophytes are carefully removed from the humeral head so that the anatomical neck can be determined.

#### REAMING OF THE HUMERAL CANAL AND RESECTION OF THE HEAD

#### REAMING

Open the proximal end of the humerus with the *awl* (A18) connected to the *T*-handle with Zimmer connection (F18) (Figure 1a). The SMR humeral stem portfolio ranges from cementless to cemented stems. Alongside the regular humeral stem length (80mm), the cementless stems are also available in the Short size (length 45mm). Two humeral reamers are then available, according to the chosen length of humeral stem (Figure 1b). Connect the humeral reamer (B18/B19 or D19 for short stems) to the *T*-handle with Zimmer connection (F18). Insert the reamer into the humerus by rotating it into the canal until the stopper flange gets in contact with the surface of the humeral head (Figure 2). Prepare the anatomic resection jig (P28) by properly connecting it to the guide for resection jigs (O28) (Figure 3).





Figure 5

Figure 4

Connect the *alignment rod (R28)* to the assembly on the LEFT or the RIGHT side to obtain the chosen retroversion angle (20° and 30° positions are available).

Connect finally the assembly to the humeral reamer according to the shoulder side that is being operated (*Figure* 4). For a left shoulder, the mark LEFT shall be frontally visible on the resection jig and viceversa the mark RIGHT for a right shoulder.

Note. When there is a large humeral canal the reamer, which has a proximal diameter of 16 mm, may enter the canal at an incorrect angle with consequent surgical error in the resection of the humeral epiphysis. To avoid this problem, apply a trial stem with a diameter larger than the reamer to the quick connection stem impactor (E18) and tap it into the canal. Position then the resection jig assembly on the stem impactor. If, on the other hand, the humeral canal is small, the reamer will not be able to go in all the way. Therefore apply a trial stem with a smaller diameter to the stem impactor and tap it into the canal.

#### RETROVERSION

Keeping the forearm flexed at 90°, rotate the resection guide until the *alignment rod (R28)* and the forearm are parallel. Then fix the selected retroversion by screwing the threaded rod (*Figure 5*).

A resection with the chosen retroversion will then be performed in this position. If less or more retroversion is required, the rod should be externally or internally rotated respectively.







Figure 6

Figure 7

#### HEAD RESECTION

Adjust the height of the resection jig level until it is aligned with the anatomic neck. Turn clockwise or counter-clockwise the red knob to move the jig upwards or downwards respectively (*Figure 6*).

Use the *sickle (Q28)* to assess the resection height (*Figure 7*) and secure the guide to the humerus with the *3 mm pins (U28)* (*Figure 8*) once the selected height is reached.





Figure 9

Once the jig is secured to the humerus with the pins, remove the guide by releasing the red lever and sliding upwards the guide for resection jigs together with the reamer, leaving only the jig onto the humerus (*Figure 9*).

Resect the humeral head with a blade through the guided slot of the jig *(Figure 10)*; finally, remove the pins and the jig. If a glenoid replacement is required please refer to "SMR Glenoid" on page 32.

If needed, the SMR instrument set includes *humeral covers* (*D*38, SMALL and LARGE) to be applied to the humeral resection plane to protect the resected part.







Figure 12

Figure 13

PREPARATION OF THE HUMERUS

#### CHOICE OF STEM SIZE

Once the glenoid component has been implanted, expose the humerus and remove the protection cover.

The SMR humeral stems portfolio ranges from cementless to cemented stem. Alongside the regular humeral stem length (80mm), the cementless stems are also available in the Short size (length 45mm). Please note that in the SMR instrument set 9013.19.000 are contained the trial stems for both regular (80mm) (*Figure 11a*) and short (45mm) (*Figure 11b*) sizes.

Connect the *quick connection stem impactor* (E18) to the *trial stem* (C18/C19 or E19 for short stems) (Figure 11c), tap into the canal (Figure 12) and make sure that the 45° stop guide (N28) located in the seat on the impactor comes into contact with the resected humeral surface (Figure 13).

Remove the stop guide and tap the stem in further. If it sinks in, use a stem of the next size up until getting the right one that does not go beyond the resected level. Remove the device and assemble a trial implant using the proper trial stem.

Note. In the event that trial stem remains into the humerus, to remove it connect the adaptor for stem extractor (H19) by screwing it into the trial stem, then screw in the stem extractor (D18) and tap the system out.



Apply the Medium *trial humeral body (H28)* to the stem and tighten the quarter-turn locking screw using the *Allen wrench 5 mm (M28)* connected to the *T-handle (F18) (Figure 14)*.

Assemble the *inserter-extractor handle (A28)* with the *anatomic adaptor sleeve (B28) (Figure 15)* by pushing the button on the inserter-extractor handle and by sliding in the adaptor. The handle has color coated grooves (yellow for the Short size, orange for the Medium and purple for the Long size): ensure that the adaptor sleeve is properly connected according to the trial humeral body size.

Place the trial implant assembly on the previously assembled introducer and fasten it by closing the red lever (*Figure 16*).

Before inserting the assembly into the canal, connect the *alignment rod (R28)* to the assembly (LEFT or RIGHT for the corresponding shoulder side) to obtain the chosen retroversion angle (20° and 30° positions are available).

Next, with the arm at 90°, bring the rod parallel to the forearm.



In this position, the implant will be inserted according to the chosen retroversion (20° or 30°).

If less or more retroversion is required, the rod should be externally or internally rotated respectively, by an angle of choice.

Tap the trial implant into the canal until the distal plate of the impactor comes into contact with the resected surface *(Figure 18).* 

#### TRIAL ADAPTORS AND HUMERAL HEADS

The head diameter is determined using the *head gauge (F28)* (*Figure 18*). Insert the *neutral trial adaptor (G28)* to the *trial humeral head (E28 or A25)* by hand (*Figure 19*) and fit the head to the taper of the trial humeral body (*Figure 20*). Reduce the joint and check the match with the glenoid with the humerus in neutral position. If it is not well aligned with the glenoid cavity, substitute the neutral adaptor with an eccentric one. Make up for any ligamentous laxity by using a long adaptor.

To remove trial adaptors use the extracting pliers for trial

adaptors (V28) (Figure 21). If an eccentric adaptor is used, mark the position of the head with an electric scalpel, using the arrow as a reference (Figure 22). This procedure helps to place the final head in the correct position. If there is no humeral landmark near the head, memorise the last adaptor peg seat in the trial humeral body. The final head peg should be inserted in the same seat again. Remove all trial components.

The trial humeral heads feature color coding to support the surgical team: orange for the -2mm reduced height heads, yellow for the -3mm reduced height heads and purple for the +2mm increased height heads.

Caution! During this step, the head is not locked to the neck of the humeral body, therefore when inserting the humerus in the articular cavity again, make sure that the head does not uncouple.



#### INSERTION OF THE FINNED STEM

Take the final finned stem with the same size as the last trial stem used. Also take the final finned humeral body.

Assemble the final humeral body on the finned stem. If the *stem extractor (D18)* is screwed in with force, it will engage the Morse taper *(Figure 23)*. The *body stopper (l28)* can be used to exert a countertorque.

Remove the extractor and tighten the safety screw using the *Allen wrench 5 mm (M28) (Figure 24)*. The *body stopper (I28)* can be used to exert a countertorque.

Connect the implant to the inserter-extractor handle assembled with the anatomic adaptor sleeve (*Figure 25*).

**Important!** Check that the adaptor sleeve is engaged at the orange notch: in fact, the finned humeral body -for electiveis available only Medium size (orange color code).

Before inserting the implant, connect the *alignment rod (S23)* into the appropriate retroversion hole on the anatomic adaptor sleeve and repeat the alignment procedure with the forearm to obtain the chosen retroversion angle.

Tap the implant into the canal (*Figure 26*) and stop once the introducer plate comes in contact with the resected humeral surface (*Figure 27*); remove the introducer assembly.



Figure 28

Figure 29

Figure 30

### APPLICATION OF THE ADAPTOR TAPER TO THE HUMERAL HEAD

Remove the appropriate adaptor taper and final head from the sterile packaging.

Apply the adaptor taper to the head *(Figure 28)*. If an eccentric adaptor taper is used, insert it by aligning the marking with that of the humeral head *(Figure 29)*. The concentric adaptor taper has no such markings. Connect the *humeral head press (D28)* to the *T-Handle with Zimmer connection (F18)*.

Position the system in the humeral head press and tighten. In this way the head and the adaptor taper will be press fitted together while applying an opposite force with the *multipurpose handle (G18) (Figure 30)*.

Note: the dia. 40 and 42mm humeral heads with -2mm reduced height are monobloc and do not need an adaptor taper.



Figure 31

Figure 32

#### ✓ INSERTION OF THE HUMERAL HEAD

Apply the humeral head to the humeral body inserting the adaptor taper peg in the same position as the trial component (*Figure 31*).

Make sure that the contact surfaces are perfectly clean and that the head or adaptor does not contact the bone, as this could compromise the stability of the Morse taper coupling. Lastly, secure the taper coupling by tapping with the *humeral head impactor (C28) (Figure 32)*.



#### REDUCTION AND SUTURE

The joint is reduced by means of gentle traction and internal rotation.

The capsule is not sutured to avoid stiffness and restriction. Accurate reconstruction of the tuberosities around the humeral body and reinsertion of the subscapularis muscle, by trans-osseous stitches to the lesser tuberosity, is performed.

The use of suction drainage is recommended.

#### CEMENTED STEM

If cemented stems are used, the operating technique has a few variations. Proceed as described previously, replacing the "finned stem" with the "cemented stem" (*Figure 33*). Use a stem of two diameters smaller than the trial one, this will create a cement mantle of 1 mm. Instruments and procedure remain the same.

Fill the canal with cement, then insert the assembled components with the introducer assembly. Proceed with the surgical technique only when the cement has set.

Pay attention to proximal cleaning of the humeral head and humeral body. The tapers must be free from cement.

Finally tap the humeral head as described in the previous paragraphs.

In this case the humeral head may not be flush with the resected surface of the humerus.



#### CEMENTED 3 PEGS GLENOID IMPLANT

For a correct glenoid preparation an adequate glenoid exposure is required. The *fukuda (N38)* and the *glenoid retractor (I38)* are included into the Glenoid set. Any peripheral osteophyte should be removed to restore the natural anatomic shape of the glenoid. During this phase be careful since the axillary nerve is close to the inferior edge of the glenoid.

For glenoid preparation use the *dia. 2.5 mm K-wire (A32)* included in the instrument set.

The K-Wire can be positioned in place by using the *K*-Wire position jig (H38 or B32 in case of X-Small size) and handle (G38) (Figure 1). These jigs can be used also to evaluate the size of the glenoid. Alternatively the glenoid reamer can be used as well.

The direction taken by the guide wire will determine the version of the glenoid component. Therefore, a preoperative CT Scan would be suggested to evaluate any deformities in the articular surface. Any corrections in the wire direction should be made at this point, correction is more difficult once the surface is reamed and/or the pegs are drilled.



Figure 2





Figure 4





#### PREPARATION OF THE GLENOID SURFACE

Once the K-wire has been inserted, remove the K-wire positioning jig and the handle. Connect the *glenoid reamer (E38 or D32* in case of X-Small size) of the proper size (X-Small, Small, STD or Large) to the *reamer shaft (J38) (Figure 2)* and ream the glenoid carefully *(Figure 3)* guided by the K-Wire.

Ream carefully to avoid glenoid fractures. The aim of the reaming is just to remove the residual cartilage and expose the subchondral bone rather than excessive bone removal. Remove the reamer leaving the K-wire in place and proceed with preparation of the central hole by using the *cannulated drill dia. 5 mm (C32)* guided by the K-Wire (*Figure 4*).

Position the *3-Pegs glenoid drill guide (E32)* of the proper size by using the *quick connection handle (F32)* using the K-wire as a guide (*Figure 5*).

The 3-Pegs glenoid drill guide has a central peg which is intended to fit into the hole previously drilled into the glenoid in order to increase device stability. Note. if the X-Small guide is used it could be possible that the K-Wire impinges against the power tools during the following steps of the surgical technique. In this case the K-wire could be removed and the 3-Pegs glenoid drill guide will be stabilized just by the central peg.

Drill the first peripheral hole by using the *quick connection drill dia.5 mm (H32)* connected to the power tools by means of the *quick connection shaft (G32)*. Disconnect the quick connection shaft from the drill and leave the drill in situ while drilling the second hole to stabilize the jig (*Figure 6*).

Note. during the glenoid preparation be careful on using the 3-Pegs glenoid drill guide (E32) not the 3-Pegs removal guide (L32) which is intended to be used in case of revision. The 3-Pegs removal guide is hosted in a dedicated caddy into the tray.





Figure 7

Figure 8

#### INSERTION OF THE TRIAL IMPLANT

Apply the *trial glenoid 3 Pegs (I32)* according to the size (*Figure 7*). The trial components are color coded: X-Small component is gray, Small size is yellow, Standard size is orange and Large one is magenta. The trial component is used to check for appropriate glenoid size and positioning

Remove the trial glenoid by using the *removal pliers (J32)* (*Figure 8*). Beware that the connection between the trial glenoid and the pliers is not fixed.







Figure 10

Figure 11

#### INSERTION OF THE FINAL IMPLANT

Remove the 3-Pegs glenoid of the correct size from the sterile packaging. Place the acrylic cement in the previously prepared cavities and compact it by means of the 3 Pegs cement compactor of the proper size (K32) connected to the quick connection handle (F32) (Figure 9). The aim of this step is to pressurize the cement.

Insert the final glenoid component (Figure 10), then press it in by using the cemented glenoid pusher (C38) (Figure 11) until the cement has completely set.

Note: make sure that no cement is present at the interface between glenoid face and backside of the implant.



Figure 12



Figure 14



Figure 13

#### REMOVAL OF THE 3 PEGS GLENOID

In case removal of 3 Pegs glenoid is required use the *3 Pegs* removal guide (L32) of the proper size connected to the quick connection handle (F32) (Figure 12). Fix the guide to the 3 Pegs glenoid by means of two headless twisted pins dia. 3x90 mm (N32) (Figure 13).

Drill into the holes of the guide by using the *quick connection drill dia. 5mm (H32)* connected to the power tools by means of the *quick connector driver (G32) (Figure 14 - 15).* 

The aim of this phase is to break the pegs in order to make removal of the 3 Pegs glenoid baseplate easier.

Then proceed with the standard steps of the surgical technique of the glenoid components you would like to implant (such as SMR Metal Back).



Figure 15

## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE SMR CTA Head



#### FOREWORD

The clinical indication for prosthetic treatment with CTA heads is influenced by the treatment of cuff tear arthropathy where it is not possible to implant a reverse prosthesis, either due to irregularities of the anatomy or poor bone trophism of the glenoid. The combination of CTA Head and anatomic glenoid replacement is not recommended.

#### PREOPERATIVE PLANNING

Preoperative planning is highly recommended with the use of templates showing a 5% magnified image of the profiles. Use good quality frontal view radiographs with adequate contrast that are large enough to contain the entire length of the pre-op template stems. Select the stem size and resection level of the humeral head, which will serve as a reference for the final implant height.

#### REAMING OF THE HUMERAL CANAL AND RESECTION OF THE HEAD REAMING

Open the proximal end of the humerus with the *awl (A13)* connected to the *T-handle with Zimmer connection (F18)* (*Figure 1a*).

The SMR humeral stems portfolio ranges from cementless to cemented stem. Alongside the regular humeral stem length (80mm), the cementless stems are also available in the Short size (length 45mm). Two humeral reamers are then available, according to the chosen length of humeral stem (*Figure 1b*).

Connect the *humeral reamer (B18/B19 or D19 for short stems)* to the *T-handle with Zimmer connection (F18)*. Insert the reamer into the humerus by rotating it into the canal until the stopper flange gets in contact with the surface of the humeral head (*Figure 2*).

Connect the anatomic resection assembly (*Figure 3*) and proceed with the humeral head resection as outlined in chapter "SMR Elective Anatomical" at page 23 (*Figure 4*).

## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE SMR CTA Head



#### HUMERUS PREPARATION

## INSERTION OF THE TRIAL IMPLANT AND REDUCTION

Once the osteotomy has been completed, find the stem size as outlined in "SMR Elective Anatomical – Choice of stem size", apply a Medium sized *trial humeral body (H28)* and tap into the canal *(Figure 5)*.

The head diameter is determined using the *head gauge* (F28). Insert the *neutral trial adaptor* (G28) to the *trial humeral head* (E28) by hand and fit the head to the taper of the trial humeral body (Figure 6).

Reduce the joint and check the match with the glenoid. If it is not well aligned with the glenoid cavity, substitute the neutral adaptor with an eccentric one. Make up for any ligamentous laxity by using a long adaptor. To remove trial adaptors use the *extracting pliers for trial adaptors (W28)*.

#### DEFINITION OF THE OSTEOTOMY SIDE PLANE

Once the head and adaptor taper sizes match the required anatomy keep the components in the selected position and with an oscillating blade cut the greater tuberosity through the slot in the trial head (*Figure 7*). Remove the head and complete the bone resection (*Figure 8*).

Assemble the adaptor and *CTA trial head (B9)* and proceed with reduction.

Note. The slot in the trial head provides an indication of the osteotomy level only for neutral positioning.
## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE SMR CTA Head



Figure 9

Figure 10

Figure 11

Figure 12

## ✓ INSERTION OF THE FINAL IMPLANT

# ASSEMBLY AND INSERTION OF THE STEM AND HUMERAL HEAD

Remove the stem and the Trauma humeral body of the size required from the sterile package.

Assemble the components as described in the section "SMR TRAUMA Insertion of the stem and final body" on page 20 and insert it in the canal following the standard procedure (*Figure 9*). Insert the component up to the level of the anatomic osteotomy plane (*Figure 10*).

## ASSEMBLY OF THE ADAPTOR TAPER AND HEAD

Apply the adaptor taper to the head (*Figure 11*). If an eccentric adaptor taper is used, insert it by aligning the marking with that of the humeral head. The concentric adaptor taper has no such markings. Connect the *humeral head press (D28)* to the *T-handle (F18)*.

Position the system in the *humeral head press (D28)* and tighten. In this way the head and the adaptor taper will be press fitted together while applying an opposite force with the *multipurpose handle (G18) (Figure 12)*.

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE SMR CTA Head



Figure 14

Figure 13

### HUMERAL HEAD INSERTION

Apply the selected humeral head to the implanted humeral body (*Figure 13*). If an eccentric adaptor is used, apply the head making sure that the selected eccentricity is observed. Make sure that the contact surfaces are properly cleaned and that the head or adaptor do not impinge with the bone, as this could compromise the stability of the Morse taper coupling.

Lastly, secure the taper coupling by tapping with the *humeral head impactor (C28) (Figure 14)*. If there is any gap, tap in further towards the diaphyseal axis.



## - ACCESS

The SMR reverse prosthesis can be implanted with one of the usual approaches:

- Delto-pectoral: for both 150° and 140° neck-shaft (CCD) angles;

- Lateral: only available for 150° neck-shaft (CCD) angle.

The operating technique described hereafter is independent from the chosen approach, with the exception of the humeral head resection, which is performed with specific jigs according to the approach used.

## REAMING OF THE HUMERAL CANAL

### RESECTION

Open the proximal end of the humerus with the *awl* (A18) connected to the *T*-handle with Zimmer connection (F18) (Figure 1a).

The SMR humeral stems portfolio ranges from cementless to cemented stem. Alongside the regular humeral stem length (80mm), the cementless finned stems are also available in the short size (length 45mm). Two humeral reamers are then available, according to the chosen length of humeral stem (*Figure 1b*).

Connect the humeral reamer (B18/B19 or D19 for short stems) to the *T*-handle with Zimmer connection (F18). Insert the reamer into the humerus by rotating it into the canal until the stopper flange gets in contact with the surface of the humeral head (Figure 2).

## RESECTION OF THE HUMERAL HEAD

### ASSEMBLING OF THE RESECTION JIG

According to the chosen approach (Deltopectoral or Lateral), two different resection jigs are available in the SMR Reverse Set 9013.48.000.

Each resection jig is identified by means of a marking (*Figures 3a-3b-3c*):

a. "REVERSE" for the *resection jig (K48)* for Deltopectoral approach for 150° neck-shaft (CCD) angle;

b. "REVERSE 140" for the *resection jig (A4A)* for Deltopectoral approach for 140° neck-shaft (CCD) angle;

c. "REVERSE LATERAL" for the *resection jig (K48)* for Lateral approach for 150° neck-shaft (CCD) angle;



### DELTOPECTORAL APPROACH

For the Deltopectoral approach, assemble the chosen jig (for 150° or 140° reverse humeral body) so that the mark LEFT (or RIGHT) marked on the resection jig is frontally visible (*Figure 4*).

Warning! Please note that the inclination of the humeral head cut (150° or 140°) also implies the use of dedicated instruments in the following steps. The instruments dedicated to 140° reverse humeral body are contained in the set 9013.4A.000 and show specific laser marks and a blue-colored notch where applicable.

Insert the alignment rod into the appropriate retroversion hole on the resection guide. For Deltopectoral approach, retroversion holes are available on the front side of the guide. Use the RIGHT or LEFT hole for the corresponding shoulder side and the preferred hole for orientation to the forearm (0°, 20° and 30° positions are available - 30° for 140° Reverse humeral body only).

Connect finally the assembly to the humeral reamer: the marks LEFT (or RIGHT) shall be frontally visible on the jig according to the shoulder side that is being operated.

### LATERAL APPROACH

For the Lateral approach, assemble the components by closing the red lever (*Figure 5*).

Insert the alignment rod into the appropriate retroversion hole on the resection guide. For the Lateral approach, retroversion holes are available on the lateral sides of the guide. Use the RIGHT or LEFT hole for the corresponding shoulder side and the preferred hole for orientation to the forearm (0° and 20° positions are available) (*Figure 6*).

Note. When there is a large humeral canal the reamer, which has a proximal diameter of 16 mm, may enter the canal at an incorrect angle with consequent surgical error in the resection of the humeral epiphysis. To avoid this problem, apply a trial stem with a diameter larger than the reamer to the quick connection stem impactor (E18), and tap it into the canal.





Figure 7

Figure 8

Position then the resection assembly on the stem impactor. If, on the other hand, the humeral canal is small, the reamer will not be able to go in all the way. Therefore apply a trial stem with a smaller diameter to the *stem impactor (E18)* and tap it into the canal.

Keeping the forearm flexed at 90°, rotate the resection guide until the *alignment rod (H48)* and the forearm are parallel (*Figure 7*). Then fix the selected retroversion by screwing the threaded rod (*Figure 8*).

A resection with the retroversion chosen on the resection guide will then be performed in this position. If less or more retroversion is required, the rod should be externally or internally rotated respectively.



## HUMERAL HEAD RESECTION

Adjust the height of the resection jig level until it is aligned with the anatomic neck. Turn clockwise or counter-clockwise the red knob to move the jig upwards or downwards respectively (*Figure 9*).

Use the *sickle (G48)* to assess the resection height (*Figure 10*) and secure the guide with the *3 mm pins* (*F48*) (*Figure 11*) once the selected height is reached.

Once the jig is secured to the humerus with the pins, remove the guide by releasing the red lever and sliding upwards the guide together with the reamer, leaving the jig in place (*Figure 12*).

Resect the humeral head with a thin blade through the guided slot of the jig (*Figure 13*); finally, remove the pins and the jig.

If needed, the SMR instrument set includes *humeral covers* (*D38*, Small and Large) to protect the resection plane (*Figure 14*).

Glenoid preparation of a reverse shoulder replacement is carried out after the humeral head has been resected and before insertion of the final humeral prosthesis.





### EXPOSURE

Expose the glenoid performing an accurate capsular release to visualize the glenoid bone stock using adequate retractors: the *Fukuda (N38)* and the *glenoid retractor (I38) (Figure 15)* are included into the SMR Glenoid Set 9013.38.000. Retractors should be placed so that the entire glenoid face is in clear view to aid accurate placement of the guide K-wire (*Figure 16*).

Any peripheral osteophytes should be removed to restore the natural anatomic shape of the glenoid.

### CEMENTLESS METAL BACK GLENOID

The cementless SMR Metal Back implant is recommended where there is good bone trophism, which is sufficient enough to achieve fixation of the peg and the two additional screws.

### DETERMINATION OF THE GLENOID CENTRE

The K-wire positioning jigs are used to obtain the optimal metaglene position.

The jigs are available in three sizes (Small, Standard and Large), which reproduce the dimensions of the Metal Back and with different inclinations (0°, 10° Inferior, 10° Anterior). In case of glenoid erosion and / or glenoid bone deficiency, one of the angulated jigs can be used in order to insert the K-wire with the correct inclination.

The instrument can be used both to find the glenoid centre and to evaluate the glenoid size.

Assemble the chosen *jig (H38)* to the *positioning handle (G38)*; then turn the red sleeve clockwise to secure the jig (*Figure 17*).





### **GUIDEWIRE INSERTION**

Taking the K-wire positioning jig in place, introduce the 2.5 mm Kirschner wire into the glenoid bone (*Figure 18*).

The direction taken by the guidewire will determine the final version of the glenoid component. Therefore a CT scan would be suggested before evaluating any deformation in the articular surface caused by degenerative pathologies or traumata. All correction should be made at this stage as no correction can be made when impacting the implant. Remove the K-wire positioning guide, leaving the guide pin in place.

### PREPARATION OF THE GLENOID SURFACE

Once the K-wire has been inserted, connect the *glenoid reamer (E38)* of the proper size (Small, STD or Large) to the *reamer shaft (J38) (Figure 19)* and ream the glenoid surface carefully (*Figure 20*). The purpose of this operation is to remove the cartilage and expose the subchondral bone rather than excessive bone removal.

Remove the reamer and prepare the central hole. Attach the *Small-R drill (B38)* on the glenoid *drill shaft (J38)* and drill on the guide wire (*Figure 21*), until the drill baseplate touches the subchondral bone. If a component with larger peg is required (for Metal Back Small, STD or Large) use the *Small/STD /Large drill (B38)*.





## INSERTION OF CEMENTLESS METAL BACK GLENOID

Remove the Metal Back component of the chosen size from sterile packaging and introduce it into the glenoid cavity using the dedicated instrument.

To do this, screw the appropriate *impactor guide (L38)* (Small-R or Small/STD) to the final implant and apply the *impactor (K38) (Figures 22-23)*. The two pins of the impactor fit into the Metal Back holes for the screws and allow for the Metal Back orientation. Insert the final Metal Back implant in the hole made beforehand by tapping it in with the impactor (*Figure 24*).

The long axis of the prosthesis should coincide with the larger axis of the glenoid. Remove the impactor by pressing the release button and unscrew the impactor guide from the implanted Metal Back.

Option. The impactor can be used as a counter torque during the removal phase: first unscrew the guide using the screwdriver (R38) on the top of the assembly, and then remove the impactor and the guide. Press the release button to separate the guide from the impactor.

## ✓ INSERTION OF BONE SCREWS

Once the Metal Back glenoid has been positioned, prepare the holes for the fixation screws using the *flexible mandrel (T38)* attached to the *helix drill (O38) (Figure 25)* and the *drill guide (M38) (Figure 26)*.

The Long helix drill is available with notches and markings useful to evaluate the depth of the drilled hole, using the drill guide as a reference.

Verify the depth of the prepared hole using the *depth gauge* (S38) (*Figure 27*).

The seat of the screw head on the metal shell is spherical and therefore the fitting direction can be chosen within an angular range of +/-15°. Nevertheless, the superior screw should be oriented toward the base of the coracoid, while the inferior screw should point dorsally.



After having prepared the hole of the first screw, insert the screw using the *screwdriver* (*R38*) attached to the *handle with Zimmer connection* (*Q38*) and the *screw pliers* (*P38*) but do not fully tighten until the next screw hole has been prepared and the second screw has been inserted (*Figure 28*). The screws must be tightened at the same time to guarantee the best fit of the Metal Back on the prepared glenoid (*Figure 29*).

Note. After holes preparation, before screws introduction, the tap drill (V38) can be used to enlarge the holes.

### **GLENOSPHERE IMPLANT**

The surgeon can choose between different sizes of glenospheres, both concentric and eccentric. The surgeon can further choose between regular and lateralized connectors, according to the joint tensioning.

Note. The Large size of Metal Back is not suitable for coupling with 36 and 40 mm (poly) glenospheres.

Note. The SMR instrument set 9013.47.000 is needed to implant lateralized connectors.

Warning! SMR Lateralized Connectors have limited combinations allowed, as shown in the table below.

	Lateralized	Connector
Glenosphere	Lat +2mm	Lat +4mm
Dia. 36mm	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Dia. 36mm Ecc.	×	×
Reverse HP Dia. 40mm	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$
Reverse HP Dia. 44mm	$\checkmark$	×
Reverse HP Dia. 44mm Corrective (Ecc.)	×	×



### USE OF THE 36 mm GLENOSPHERES

Screw the *glenosphere impactor (W48)* and apply it to the *trial glenosphere (U48)* by screwing into the hole of the trial implant (*Figure 30*), then position it on the previously implanted glenoid Metal Back. Insert the *trial glenosphere screw (T48*, grooved screw head for Small-R Metal Back) through the central hole and, using the screwdriver, tighten until reaching the end-stop (*Figure 31*).

In case of concentric glenosphere, the implanted glenosphere is free to rotate along the screw and may also be used to remove excessive bone from the glenoid.

To do this, unscrew the *glenosphere impactor* and apply the *drive shaft (V48)* connected to the *T-handle with Zimmer connection (\Delta48) (Figure 32)*. Proceed with reaming by gentle rotational clockwise and anticlockwise movements to remove with extreme caution the peripheral osteophytes *(Figure 33)*.

If using a lateralized connector, take the 36mm trial glenosphere with the chosen offset from the dedicated instrument set and assemble it as described above. Care should be taken during trial reduction to check the joint tension. Increase the offset of the trial glenosphere if more lateralization is needed.

If using an eccentric glenosphere, keep the eccentricity of the component in one of the bottom quadrants of the glenoid (*Figure 34*).

# USE OF THE 40 AND 44 MM TRIAL GLENOSPHERE

The color code related to 40mm dedicated instrumentation is Blue, while the 44mm trial glenospheres and the related reverse liners are Green. Apply the *trial glenosphere* and position it near the glenoid Metal Back using the *trial glenosphere positioner.* 

Slide the trial glenosphere screw through the central hole and tighten until reaching the end stop (*Figure 35*).

If using a lateralized connector, take the 40mm or 44mm trial glenosphere with the chosen offset from the dedicated instrument set and assemble it as described above. Care should be taken during trial reduction to check the joint tension.



Correct use of the instrument

Note. Below, are described some important additional instructions to reduce the risk of intra-operative breakage of the instrument.

When the SMR Glenosphere Impactor is used to impact the definitive glenosphere into the metal back:

- The threaded tip of the instrument must be completely tightened into the apex hole of the glenosphere, before tapping in the morse taper coupling with the mallet; the tightening of the instrument must be stopped only when the surgeon feels high resistance to continue the tightening action.
- When impacting the glenosphere, the mallet must be used along the direction (axis) of the SMR Glenosphere Impactor-Extractor, avoiding as much as possible the onset of unexpected multi-axial forces during impaction.

Please refer to picture (red circle and red arrow). If both of the above conditions are not verified, the threaded section of the instruments is subjected to increased unexpected stresses that can lead to its breakage.



## PREPARATION OF THE HUMERUS

### CHOICE OF STEM SIZE

Once the glenoid component has been implanted, expose the humerus. Remove the protection cover to begin the humerus' preparation.

The SMR humeral stems portfolio ranges from cementless to cemented stem. Alongside the regular humeral stem length (80mm)(*Figure 11a*), the cementless stems are also available in the Short size (length 45mm) (*Figure 11b*).

Please note that in the SMR instrument set 9013.19.000 are contained the trial stems for both regular (80mm) and short (45mm) sizes. Connect the *quick connection stem impactor* (*E18*) to the *trial stem* (*C18/C19 or E19 for short stems*), tap into the canal (*Figure 36*) and make sure that the 30° *stop guide* (*R48*) in the seat on the impactor rod comes into contact with the resected humeral surface (*Figure 37*).

Remove the stop guide and tap the stem in further. If it sinks in, use a stem of the next size up until getting the right one that does not go beyond the resected level. Remove the device once the proper trial stem size has been found.

Note. Humeral stop guide chosen must be consistent with the inclination of the humeral head resection. For 150° neckshaftangle use the dedicated 30° stop guide (R48), while incase of 140° neck-shaft angle use the 40° stop guide (B4A).

Note. in the event that trial stem remains into the humerus, to remove it connect the adaptor for stem extractor (H18) by screwing it into the trial stem, then screw in the stem extractor (D18) and tap the system out.

## PREPARATION OF THE HUMERUS FOR REVERSE BODY INSERTION

SMR System features two different neck-shaft (CCD) angles for the reverse humeral body: the surgeon can choose between 150° and 140°, this latter compatible only with 36mm dia. glenospheres. The instruments to implant the 140° reverse body are contained in the 9013.4A.000 set: a blue-colored notch helps identification in most of those instruments.

Note. The choice of reverse humeral body size is demanded on surgeon's experience and depends on the clinical case. Please see page 60 for further details about the different options available.

Apply the reamer guide (M48, regular or short guide for 150° reverse body, or E4A regular or short guide for 140° reverse body) to the correctly sized stem by screwing it using the Allen wrench 5 mm (E48) (Figure 38).

Assemble the *inserter-extractor handle (A48)* with the *reverse adaptor sleeve (O48 for 150° reverse body, C4A for 140°) (Figure 39)* by pushing the button on the inserter-extractor handle and by sliding in the adaptor. The handle has 4 grooves, three color coated (which are intended to be used in case of anatomic prosthesis) and one no color coded and with an R (for Reverse prosthesis): ensure that the adaptor is properly connected on the R groove.



Figure 42

Open the impactor's lever and plug the reaming guide (assembled with the stem) in the dedicated hole of the sleeve: then close the lever to engage the locking mechanism (Figure 40).

Before inserting the assembly into the canal, connect the alignment rod (H48) to the assembly (LEFT or RIGHT for the corresponding shoulder side) to obtain the chosen retroversion angle (0° and 20° position are available).

Next, with the arm at 90°, bring the rod parallel to the forearm (Figure 41). In this position, the implant will be inserted according to the chosen retroversion (0°, 20° and 30° positions are available - 30° for 140° Reverse humeral body only).

If less or more retroversion is required, the rod should be externally or internally rotated respectively, by an angle of choice.

Tap the assembly into the canal until lateral wings plate of the impactor come into contact with the resected surface.

Remove the impactor and afterwards ream using the conical reamer (N48) mounted on the T-Handle with Zimmer Connection ( $\Delta 48$ ) (Figure 42). This step must be carried out carefully.

To make sure that the humeral part has been completely prepared, insert a Kirschner wire (dia. 2.0 mm) in the reamer hole near the cutting teeth. The humeral reaming has been completed once the Kirschner wire does not pass through (Figure 43).

## INSERTION OF THE TRIAL REVERSE HUMERAL BODY

Once the humeral metaphysis has been reamed, remove the reamer guide using the same impactor-extractor tool described before.

Disassemble the reamer guide from the trial stem using the 5mm Allen wrench (E48) connected to the T-handle with Zimmer connection ( $\Delta 48$ ).



Take the *trial reverse humeral body (J48, regular or short for 150° reverse body, or F4A regular or short guide for 140°)* from the instrument set and assemble it on the trial stem of the selected size.

Assemble it in the same way as the reamer guide.

On the same assembly (impactor-extractor and reverse adaptor sleeve) used for introducing the reamer guide, insert the *adaptor for trial reverse humeral body* ( $\Lambda$ 48 for

**150° reverse body, D4A for 140°)** (*Figure 44a*) by introducing the peg into the dedicated hole (*Figure 44b*). Introduce the handle into the trial reverse humeral body at a slight angle (Step 1) to connect the two antirotational pins, then tilt it (Step 2) to align with the stem axis (*Figure 45*).

Finally close the impactor's lever to engage the locking mechanism.

Please ensure that the whole assembly is strongly coupled before tapping it into the metaphysis.

Finally tap the assembly into the humerus, checking the retroversion angle with the help of alignment rod (*Figure 46*).

## REDUCTION AND MODIFICATION OF THE COMPONENTS

Expose the humerus and insert the *trial liner* (S48 for 36mm, B42/B44/B47 for 40mm or A42/A44/A47 for 44mm glenosphere) by hand (*Figure 47*). Reduce the trial glenosphere that has been implanted (*Figures 48-49*). Assess the joint tension and address any laxity by using thicker trial liners (+3mm/ MEDIUM or +6mm/LONG), lateralizing liners (available only for 40/44mm glenospheres) or increasing the lateralization offset of the trial glenosphere (lateralized trial glenospheres are contained in the 9013.47.000 set).

Check the resulting soft tissue balance to avoid an excessive tensioning of the joint. The shoulder is assessed for a full range of movement. If soft tissue tension is correct, the glenoid bearing will not impinge on the inferior rim of the resected humeral head. To remove and replace the trial liner, insert a Kocher clamp through one of the holes or use a pointed chisel on the side edge as a lever. If necessary, make up for any laxity by placing a +9 mm humeral extension in between.



In case of eccentric trial glenosphere the surgeon can rotate the glenosphere on the Metal Back until the most stable position for the new joint has been obtained.

Note. The use of 140° reverse humeral body is limited to 36mm glenospheres (both concentric and eccentric) and related liners

### INSERTION OF THE FINAL IMPLANT

### **GLENOSPHERE INSERTION**

Remove the trial glenosphere using the screwdriver. Take the final glenosphere (36 mm, 40 mm or 44 mm diameter), connector and safety screw of the correct size.

Insert the connector in the appropriate taper on the glenosphere and secure the components by tapping in (*Figure 50* for 36mm glenosphere and *Figure 53* for 40-44mm glenospheres).

Screw the *glenosphere impactor* into *(W48)* the glenosphere hole and impact the assembly into the implanted Metal Back *(Figure 51)*. For the 36mm eccentric glenosphere use the *orienter (Y48)* for positioning the final implant *(Figure 52)*.

Unscrew the impactor and check by hand that the Morse taper is stable. Insert a safety screw, which is provided in the package, using the *screwdriver shaft (R38)* attached to the *handle with Zimmer connection (Q38)* (*Figure 54*).

Warning! The connector and its specific screw are provided together in the same packaging. The connector must be used with its specific screw or with a screw having the same code. The use of the connector with different screws must be avoided as not compatible.

Care should be taken when selecting the lateralized connectors for glenospheres to avoid excessive joint tension.



## ASSEMBLY OF THE FINAL STEM AND REVERSE HUMERAL BODY

Remove the trial implant using the impactor-extractor handle previously used for introducing it *(Figure 55)*. Assemble the final humeral body and stem on the back table with the use of the *reverse prosthesis inserter (P48 for 150° reverse body, G4A for 140°)*. Screw the instrument tightly to join the stem and humeral body.

The passing through eyelet on the inserter can be used to insert the *multipurpose handle (G18)*, which is used here as a counter-torque (*Figure 56*). Slightly loosen the fastening to avoid risky torsion that may damage the humerus when removing the inserter with the implant in place.

## INSERTION OF THE FINAL HUMERAL COMPONENTS

Tap the implant into the canal. Correct version is obtained by using the *alignment rod (H48)* again. Once the reverse body has been inserted fully on the resection level, unscrew the reverse prosthesis inserter, insert the safety screw of the reverse body (*Figure 57*) and tighten with the dedicated *Allen wrench (E 48* 5 mm for standard humeral body or 3.5 mm for SHORT reverse humeral body). Open the packaging of the liner that was selected during the trial reduction. Clean the reverse humeral body and insert the liner using the *cemented glenoid pusher (C38)*.

## REDUCTION

The *namba shoulder slide* ( $\Theta$ 48) can be used to reduce the joint (*Figure 58*). Perform the usual articular movements. Check that any humeral and glenoid osteophytes are carefully removed. Palpating the axillary nerve should find a normal structure tension as before surgery.

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE

# **Product Dimensions**



SMR 140° SHORT Reverse Humeral Body



SMR (150°) SHORT Reverse Humeral Body



• 36mm glenosphere Centre-of-Rotation

--- Humeral body Shaft axis

## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument set

▼ 9013.18.000 'General' Instrument Set for SMR Shoulder Prosthesis



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
A18	9013.02.001	Awl	1
B18	9013.02.016	Humeral Reamer Dia. 16mm	1
C18	9013.02.142	Dia. 14 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.152	Dia. 15 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.162	Dia. 16 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.172	Dia. 17 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.182	Dia. 18 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.192	Dia. 19 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.202	Dia. 20 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.212	Dia. 21 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.222	Dia. 22 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.232	Dia. 23 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C18	9013.02.242	Dia. 24 - Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
D18	9013.02.301	Stem Extractor	1
E18	9013.02.302	Quick Connection Stem Impactor	2
F18	9095.11.200	T Handle with Zimmer Connection	1
G18	9095.11.251	Multipurpose Handle	1
H18	9095.11.M51	Adaptor for Stem Extractor	1
	9013.18.990	Instrument Tray	1

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument Set

▼ 9013.19.000 'General' Instrument Set for SMR Shoulder Prosthesis



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
A19	9013.02.001	Awl	1
B19	9013.02.016	HumeralReamerDia. 16mm	1
C19	9013.02.142	Dia. 14 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.152	Dia. 15 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.162	Dia. 16 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.172	Dia. 17 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.182	Dia. 18 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.192	Dia. 19 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.202	Dia. 20 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.212	Dia. 21 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.222	Dia. 22 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.232	Dia. 23 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
C19	9013.02.242	Dia. 24 -Trial Stem with Quick Connection	1
D19	9013.02.116	HumeralReamerDia. 16mm for Short Stem	1
E19	9013.04.014	Dia. 14 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.015	Dia. 15 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.016	Dia. 16 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.017	Dia. 17 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.018	Dia. 18 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.019	Dia. 19 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.020	Dia. 20 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.021	Dia. 21 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.022	Dia. 22 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.023	Dia. 23 –Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.024	Dia. 24 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.025	Dia. 25 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
E19	9013.04.026	Dia. 26 -Trial Short Stem with Quick Connection	1
F19	9013.02.301	StemExtractor	1
G19	9013.02.302	Quick Connection Stem Impactor	2
H19	9095.11.200	T-handle with Zimmer connection	1
119	9095.11.251	Multipurpose Handle	1
J19	9095.11.M51	Adaptor for stem extractor	1
	9013.18.990	Instrument Tray	1

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument set

▼ 9013.25.000 SMR Variable Height Humeral Heads Instrument Set



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
A25	9013.21.401	Trial Humeral Head Dia.40 H13mm Neutral	1
A25	9013.21.402	Trial Humeral Head Dia.40 H13mm Ecc.2mm	1
A25	9013.21.404	Trial Humeral Head Dia.40 H13mm Ecc.4mm	1
A25	9013.21.407	Trial Humeral Head Dia.40 H13mm Ecc.7mm	1
A25	9013.21.421	Trial Humeral Head Dia.42 H13mm Neutral	1
A25	9013.21.422	Trial Humeral Head Dia.42 H13mm Ecc.2mm	1
A25	9013.21.424	Trial Humeral Head Dia.42 H13mm Ecc.4mm	1
A25	9013.21.427	Trial Humeral Head Dia.42 H13mm Ecc.7mm	1
A25	9013.21.441	Trial Humeral Head Dia.44 H14mm	1
A25	9013.21.461	Trial Humeral Head Dia.46 H15mm	1
A25	9013.21.481	Trial Humeral Head Dia.48 H16mm	1
A25	9013.22.501	Trial Humeral Head Dia.50 H16mm	1
A25	9013.22.521	Trial Humeral Head Dia.52 H17mm	1
A25	9013.22.541	Trial Humeral Head Dia.54 H18mm	1
A25	9013.24.401	Trial Humeral Head Dia.40 H17mm	1
A25	9013.24.421	Trial Humeral Head Dia.42 H17mm	1
A25	9013.24.441	Trial Humeral Head Dia.44 H18mm	1
A25	9013.24.461	Trial Humeral Head Dia.46 H19mm	1
A25	9013.24.481	Trial Humeral Head Dia.48 H20mm	1
A25	9013.24.501	Trial Humeral Head Dia.50 H21mm	1
A25	9013.24.521	Trial Humeral Head Dia.52 H22mm	1
A25	9013.24.541	Trial Humeral Head Dia.54 H23mm	1
*	9013.25.990	Instrument Tray	1

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument Set

▼ 9013.28.000 'Endoprosthesis' Instrument Set for SMR Shoulder Prosthesis



A28   9013.02.304   Inserter-Extractor Handle   1     B28   9013.02.322   Anatomic Adaptor Sleeve   1     C28   9013.22.100   Humeral Head Impactor   1     D28   9013.22.405   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 40mm   1     E28   9013.22.425   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 40mm   1     E28   9013.22.445   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 42mm   1     E28   9013.22.455   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 44mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 48mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.600   Head Gauge   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.50.013	Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
B28   9013.02.322   Anatomic Adaptor Sleeve   1     C28   9013.22.100   Humeral Head Impactor   1     D28   9013.22.00   Humeral Head Press   1     E28   9013.22.405   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 40mm   1     E28   9013.22.445   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 42mm   1     E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 44mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 48mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     E28   9013.22.500   Head Gauge   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.50.013 <t< th=""><th>A28</th><th>9013.02.304</th><th>Inserter-Extractor Handle</th><th>1</th></t<>	A28	9013.02.304	Inserter-Extractor Handle	1
C28   9013.22.100   Humeral Head Impactor   1     D28   9013.22.200   Humeral Head Press   1     E28   9013.22.405   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 40mm   1     E28   9013.22.425   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 42mm   1     E28   9013.22.445   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 44mm   1     E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 46mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.525   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.645   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     E28   9013.20.01   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.01   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.30.01   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.01   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.30.31   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.50.013   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     G28   9013.50.01	B28	9013.02.322	Anatomic Adaptor Sleeve	1
D28   9013.22.200   Humeral Head Press   1     E28   9013.22.405   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 40mm   1     E28   9013.22.425   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 42mm   1     E28   9013.22.445   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 44mm   1     E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 46mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.525   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 54mm   1     F28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.50.033   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28	C28	9013.22.100	Humeral Head Impactor	1
E28   9013.22.405   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 40mm   1     E28   9013.22.425   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 42mm   1     E28   9013.22.445   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 44mm   1     E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 46mm   1     E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 48mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     E28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     E28   9013.30.016   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 3mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 3mm   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 3mm Long   1     G28   9013.30.023   Trial Humeral Body SHORT   1     H28   9013.50.023   Trial Humeral Body LONG   1     H28 <t< th=""><th>D28</th><th>9013.22.200</th><th>Humeral Head Press</th><th>1</th></t<>	D28	9013.22.200	Humeral Head Press	1
E28   9013.22.425   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 42mm   1     E28   9013.22.445   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 44mm   1     E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 46mm   1     E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 48mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 54mm   1     E28   9013.22.800   Head Gauge   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long   1     G28   9013.50.023   Trial Humeral Body MORT   1     H28   9013.50.101   Body Stopper   1     H28   9013.50.211	E28	9013.22.405	Trial Humeral Head Dia. 40mm	1
E28   9013.22.445   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 44mm   1     E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 46mm   1     E28   9013.22.485   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 48mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.525   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 54mm   1     F28   9013.22.545   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.50.013   Trial Humeral Body SHORT   1     G28   9013.50.023   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28   9013.50.101   Body Stopper   1     H28   9013.50.211   Multipurpose Extractor   1     H28   9013.50.211 <th>E28</th> <th>9013.22.425</th> <th>Trial Humeral Head Dia. 42mm</th> <th>1</th>	E28	9013.22.425	Trial Humeral Head Dia. 42mm	1
E28   9013.22.465   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 46mm   1     E28   9013.22.485   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.525   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.525   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     H28   9013.50.033   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28   9013.50.033   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28   9013.50.121   Multipurpose Extractor   1     H28	E28	9013.22.445	Trial Humeral Head Dia. 44mm	1
E28   9013.22.485   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 48mm   1     E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 54mm   1     F28   9013.22.545   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.016   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.50.013   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.50.013   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     H28   9013.50.013   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     H28   9013.50.013   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28   9013.50.101   Body Stopper   1     L28	E28	9013.22.465	Trial Humeral Head Dia. 46mm	1
E28   9013.22.505   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm   1     E28   9013.22.525   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 54mm   1     F28   9013.22.800   Head Gauge   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.50.013   Trial Humeral Body SHORT   1     H28   9013.50.023   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28   9013.50.033   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28   9013.50.121   Multipurpose Extractor   1     H28   9013.50.121   Multipurpose Extractor   1     H28   9013.50.251	E28	9013.22.485	Trial Humeral Head Dia. 48mm	1
E28   9013.22.525   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm   1     E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 54mm   1     F28   9013.22.800   Head Gauge   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.016   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     H28   9013.50.013   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28   9013.50.023   Trial Humeral Body LONG   1     H28   9013.50.121   Multipurpose Extractor   1     H28   9013.50.121   Multipurpose Extractor   1     H28   9013.50.251	E28	9013.22.505	Trial Humeral Head Dia. 50mm	1
E28   9013.22.545   Trial Humeral Head Dia. 54mm   1     F28   9013.22.800   Head Gauge   1     G28   9013.30.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral   1     G28   9013.30.016   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm   1     G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long   1     H28   9013.50.013   Trial Humeral Body SHORT   1     H28   9013.50.023   Trial Humeral Body LONG   1     H28   9013.50.121   Multipurpose Extractor   1     H28   9013.50.175   Universal Stem for Extractor   1     H28   9013.50.251   Also Yanger   1     H28   9013.50.251	E28	9013.22.525	Trial Humeral Head Dia. 52mm	1
F28 9013.22.800 Head Gauge 1   G28 9013.30.011 Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral 1   G28 9013.30.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm 1   G28 9013.30.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm 1   G28 9013.30.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm 1   G28 9013.31.011 Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long 1   G28 9013.31.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long 1   G28 9013.50.013 Trial Humeral Body SHORT 1   H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   H28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   H28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   H28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   H28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   H28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   H28 9013.50.305 Si	E28	9013.22.545	Trial Humeral Head Dia. 54mm	1
G28 9013.30.011 Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral 1   G28 9013.30.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm 1   G28 9013.30.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm 1   G28 9013.30.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm 1   G28 9013.31.011 Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long 1   G28 9013.31.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.50.013 Trial Humeral Body SHORT 1   H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   H28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   M28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   M28 9013.50.305	F28	9013.22.800	Head Gauge	1
G28 9013.30.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm 1   G28 9013.30.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm 1   G28 9013.30.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm 1   G28 9013.31.011 Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long 1   G28 9013.31.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long 1   G28 9013.50.013 Trial Humeral Body SHORT 1   H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   H28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   H28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   K28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   K28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   K28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jigs 1   K28 9013.50.316	G28	9013.30.011	Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral	1
G28   9013.30.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm   1     G28   9013.30.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm   1     G28   9013.31.011   Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long   1     G28   9013.31.016   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long   1     H28   9013.50.013   Trial Humeral Body SHORT   1     H28   9013.50.023   Trial Humeral Body LONG   1     J28   9013.50.101   Body Stopper   1     J28   9013.50.105   Threaded Extractor   1     K28   9013.50.210   Allen Wrench 3.5mm   1     M28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     M28   9013.50.303	G28	9013.30.016	Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm	1
G28 9013.30.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Lec. 8mm 1   G28 9013.31.011 Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long 1   G28 9013.31.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long 1   G28 9013.50.013 Trial Humeral Body SHORT 1   H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM 1   H28 9013.50.011 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   J28 9013.50.125 Universal Stem for Extractor 1   L28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   M28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   M28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jig 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1   M28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1 <th>G28</th> <th>9013.30.021</th> <th>Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm</th> <th>1</th>	G28	9013.30.021	Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm	1
G28 9013.31.011 Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long 1   G28 9013.31.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long 1   H28 9013.50.013 Trial Humeral Body SHORT 1   H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM 1   H28 9013.50.033 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   H28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 5mm 1   M28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   M28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   M28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jig 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1<	G28	9013.30.031	Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm	1
G28 9013.31.016 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.021 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long 1   G28 9013.31.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long 1   H28 9013.50.013 Trial Humeral Body SHORT 1   H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM 1   H28 9013.50.033 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   H28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.165 Threaded Extractor 1   L28 9013.50.165 Threaded Extractor 1   L28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 5mm 1   L28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   M28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jig 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1   M28 <th>G28</th> <th>9013.31.011</th> <th>Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long</th> <th>1</th>	G28	9013.31.011	Trial Adaptor Taper Neutral Long	1
G28   9013.31.021   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long   1     G28   9013.31.031   Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long   1     H28   9013.50.013   Trial Humeral Body SHORT   1     H28   9013.50.023   Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM   1     H28   9013.50.033   Trial Humeral Body LONG   1     H28   9013.50.033   Trial Humeral Body LONG   1     H28   9013.50.101   Body Stopper   1     J28   9013.50.121   Multipurpose Extractor   1     K28   9013.50.165   Threaded Extractor   1     K28   9013.50.210   Allen Wrench 5mm   1     M28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     M28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     M28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     M28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     M28 </th <th>G28</th> <th>9013.31.016</th> <th>Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long</th> <th>1</th>	G28	9013.31.016	Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 2mm Long	1
G28 9013.31.031 Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long 1   H28 9013.50.013 Trial Humeral Body SHORT 1   H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM 1   H28 9013.50.033 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   H28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.165 Threaded Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.175 Universal Stem for Extractor 1   M28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   M28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   M28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jig 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1   M28 9013.50.316 Expansion Extractor 1   M28 9013.50.316 Expansion Extractor 1   M28 <t< th=""><th>G28</th><th>9013.31.021</th><th>Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long</th><th>1</th></t<>	G28	9013.31.021	Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 4mm Long	1
H28 9013.50.013 Trial Humeral Body SHORT 1   H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM 1   H28 9013.50.033 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   I28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   J28 9013.50.165 Threaded Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.175 Universal Stem for Extractor 1   M28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 5mm 1   M28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   M28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   M28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jig 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   R28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1   S28 9013.50.316 Expansion Extractor 1   S28 9013.51.45 Humeral Head Trauma Ruler 1   U28 9066.15.100 Pin Ø3 x 100 mm 6   V28 9066.35	G28	9013.31.031	Trial Adaptor Taper Ecc. 8mm Long	1
H28 9013.50.023 Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM 1   H28 9013.50.033 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   I28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.165 Threaded Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.175 Universal Stem for Extractor 1   M28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 5mm 1   M28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   M28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   M28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jig 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1   M28 9013.50.316 Expansion Extractor 1   M28 9013.50.316 Expansion Extractor 1   M28 9013.51.45 Humeral Head	H28	9013.50.013	Trial Humeral Body SHORT	1
H28 9013.50.033 Trial Humeral Body LONG 1   I28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.165 Threaded Extractor 1   L28 9013.50.175 Universal Stem for Extractor 1   L28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 5mm 1   M28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   M28 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   M28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jig 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.305 Sickle 1   M28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1   M28 9013.50.316 Expansion Extractor 1   M28 9013.50.316 Humeral Head Trauma Ruler 1   M28 9066.15.100 Pin Ø3 x 100 mm 6   V28 9066.35.610 Extracting Plier	H28	9013.50.023	Trial Humeral Body MEDIUM	1
I28 9013.50.101 Body Stopper 1   J28 9013.50.121 Multipurpose Extractor 1   K28 9013.50.165 Threaded Extractor 1   L28 9013.50.175 Universal Stem for Extractor 1   M28 9013.50.210 Allen Wrench 5mm 1   M28 9013.50.211 Allen Wrench 3.5mm 1   M28 9013.50.251 45° Stop Guide 1   028 9013.50.303 Guide for Resection Jigs 1   P28 9013.50.304 Anatomic Resection Jig 1   Q28 9013.50.316 Alignment Rod 1   S28 9013.50.316 Expansion Extractor 1   S28 9013.50.316 Humeral Head Trauma Ruler 1   U28 9066.15.100 Pin Ø3 x 100 mm 6   V28 9066.35.610 Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors 1   9013.28.990 Instrument Tray 1	H28	9013.50.033	Trial Humeral Body LONG	1
J28   9013.50.121   Multipurpose Extractor   1     K28   9013.50.165   Threaded Extractor   1     L28   9013.50.165   Universal Stem for Extractor   1     M28   9013.50.210   Allen Wrench 5mm   1     M28   9013.50.211   Allen Wrench 3.5mm   1     M28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     M28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     M28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     M28   9013.50.316   Expansion Extractor   1     M28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     M28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier fo	128	9013.50.101	Body Stopper	1
K28   9013.50.165   Threaded Extractor   1     L28   9013.50.175   Universal Stem for Extractor   1     M28   9013.50.210   Allen Wrench 5mm   1     M28   9013.50.211   Allen Wrench 3.5mm   1     M28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     M28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     M28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     M28   9013.50.316   Expansion Extractor   1     M28   9013.52.165   Expansion Extractor   1     M28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     M28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	J28	9013.50.121	Multipurpose Extractor	1
L28   9013.50.175   Universal Stem for Extractor   1     M28   9013.50.210   Allen Wrench 5mm   1     M28   9013.50.211   Allen Wrench 3.5mm   1     M28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     M28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     M28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     M28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     M28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     M28   9013.50.316   Expansion Extractor   1     M28   9013.51.45   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     M28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	K28	9013.50.165	Threaded Extractor	1
M28   9013.50.210   Allen Wrench 5mm   1     M28   9013.50.211   Allen Wrench 3.5mm   1     N28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     O28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     P28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     Q28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     Q28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     S28   9013.50.316   Expansion Extractor   1     S28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	L28	9013.50.175	Universal Stem for Extractor	1
M28   9013.50.211   Allen Wrench 3.5mm   1     N28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     O28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     P28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     Q28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     Q28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     R28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     S28   9013.52.165   Expansion Extractor   1     T28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	M28	9013.50.210	Allen Wrench 5mm	1
N28   9013.50.251   45° Stop Guide   1     O28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     P28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     Q28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     Q28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     R28   9013.50.316   Expansion Extractor   1     S28   9013.52.165   Expansion Extractor   1     T28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	M28	9013.50.211	Allen Wrench 3.5mm	1
O28   9013.50.303   Guide for Resection Jigs   1     P28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     Q28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     R28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     S28   9013.52.165   Expansion Extractor   1     T28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	N28	9013.50.251	45° Stop Guide	1
P28   9013.50.304   Anatomic Resection Jig   1     Q28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     R28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     S28   9013.52.165   Expansion Extractor   1     T28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	O28	9013.50.303	Guide for Resection Jigs	1
Q28   9013.50.305   Sickle   1     R28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     S28   9013.52.165   Expansion Extractor   1     T28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	P28	9013.50.304	Anatomic Resection Jig	1
R28   9013.50.316   Alignment Rod   1     S28   9013.52.165   Expansion Extractor   1     T28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	Q28	9013.50.305	Sickle	1
S28   9013.52.165   Expansion Extractor   1     T28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	R28	9013.50.316	Alignment Rod	1
T28   9013.75.145   Humeral Head Trauma Ruler   1     U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	S28	9013.52.165	Expansion Extractor	1
U28   9066.15.100   Pin Ø3 x 100 mm   6     V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	T28	9013.75.145	Humeral Head Trauma Ruler	1
V28   9066.35.610   Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors   1     9013.28.990   Instrument Tray   1	U28	9066.15.100	Pin Ø3 x 100 mm	6
9013.28.990 Instrument Tray 1	V28	9066.35.610	Extracting Plier for Trial Adaptors	1
		9013.28.990	Instrument Tray	1

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument set

▼ 9013.32.000 3 Pegs Glenoid Instrument Set for SMR Shoulder Prosthesis



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
A32	9095.11.953	Dia. 2.5x240mm K-Wire	2
B32	9013.75.305	K-Wire Positioning Jig X-SMALL	1
C32	9013.79.211	Cannulated Drill Dia. 5mm	1
D32	9013.75.105	X-SMALL Glenoid Reamer	1
E32	9013.79.105	3 Pegs X-SMALL Glenoid Drill Guide	1
E32	9013.79.121	3 Pegs SMALL Glenoid Drill Guide	1
E32	9013.79.111	3 Pegs STD Glenoid Drill Guide	1
E32	9013.79.131	3 Pegs LARGE Glenoid Drill Guide	1
F32	9013.75.481	Quick Connection Handle	1
G32	9013.79.215	Quick Connection Driver	1
H32	9013.79.216	Quick Connection Drill Dia. 5mm	4
132	9013.79.005	Trial Glenoid 3 Pegs X-SMALL	1
132	9013.79.021	Trial Glenoid 3 Pegs SMALL	1
132	9013.79.011	Trial Glenoid 3 Pegs STD	1
132	9013.79.031	Trial Glenoid 3 Pegs LARGE	1
J32	9013.79.226	Removal Pliers	1
K32	9013.79.305	3 Pegs X-SMALL Cement Compactor	1
K32	9013.79.320	3 Pegs SMALL Cement Compactor	1
K32	9013.79.310	3 Pegs STD Cement Compactor	1
K32	9013.79.330	3 Pegs LARGE Cement Compactor	1
L32	9013.79.340	3 Pegs X-SMALL Removal Guide	1
L32	9013.79.342	3 Pegs SMALL Removal Guide	1
L32	9013.79.341	3 Pegs STD Removal Guide	1
L32	9013.79.343	3 Pegs LARGE Removal Guide	1
M32	9095.11.A9A	Headless Twisted Pin Dia. 3x90mm	4
	9013.32.990	Instrument Tray	1

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument Set

▼ 9013.38.000 'Glenoid' Instrument Set for SMR Shoulder Prosthesis



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
A38	9013.02.305	Extractor for SMALL-R MB Glenoid	1
A38	9013.02.310	Extractor for MB Glenoid	1
B38	9013.75.225	Glenoid Drill - Small-R	1
B38	9013.75.230	Glenoid Drill - Small/STD/Large	1
C38	9013.75.140	Cemented Glenoid Pusher	1
D38	9013.75.150	Humeral Cover Small	1
D38	9013.75.151	Humeral Cover Large	1
E38	9013.75.160	Glenoid Reamer Small	1
E38	9013.75.165	Glenoid Reamer STD	1
E38	9013.75.170	Glenoid Reamer Large	1
F38	9013.75.180	Liner Inserter	1
G38	9013.75.301	K-Wire Positioning Handle	1
H38	9013.75.315	K-Wire Positioning Jig S 0°	1
H38	9013.75.316	K-Wire Positioning Jig S $10^{\circ}$	1
H38	9013.75.317	K-Wire Positioning Jig S 10° ANT	1
H38	9013.75.325	K-Wire Positioning Jig STD $0^\circ$	1
H38	9013.75.326	K-Wire Positioning Jig STD 10°	1
H38	9013.75.327	K-Wire Positioning Jig STD 10° ANT	1
H38	9013.75.335	K-Wire Positioning Jig LARGE 0°	1
H38	9013.75.336	K-Wire Positioning Jig LARGE 10°	1
H38	9013.75.337	K-Wire Positioning Jig LARGE 10° ANT	1
138	9013.75.330	Glenoid Retractor	1
J38	9013.75.350	Reamers and Drills Shaft	1
K38	9013.75.385	Metal Back Impactor	1
L38	9013.75.388	Small-R Impactor Guide	1
L38	9013.75.389	Impactor Guide	1
M38	9013.75.400	Drill Guide	1
N38	9075.10.281	Fukuda	1
O38	9084.20.081	Helix Drill Dia. 3.5mm	1
O38	9084.20.086	Long Helix Drill Dia 3.5mm x 79mm	1
P38	9095.10.115	Screw Pliers	1
Q38	9095.11.253	Straight Handle with Zimmer Connection	1
R38	9095.10.228	Screwdriver Shaft	1
S38	9095.11.301	Depth Gauge	1
T38	9095.11.700	Flexible Mandrel	1
U38	9013.75.181	Suction Cup for Liner Inserter	2
V38	9013.75.485	Tap Drill for Cortical Screw	1
V38	9013.75.486	Tap Drill for Bone Screw	1
	9013.38.990	Instrument Tray	1

## SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument set

▼ 9013.42.000 SMR Reverse HP



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qt.
A42	9013.62.010	Trial Liner SHORT Dia. 44mm	1
A42	9013.62.015	Trial Liner MEDIUM Dia. 44mm	1
A42	9013.62.020	Trial Liner LONG Dia. 44mm	1
A42	9013.62.115	Trial Liner Lateralizing MEDIUM Dia. 44mm	1
A42	9013.62.120	Trial Liner Lateralizing LONG Dia. 44mm	1
B42	9013.65.010	Trial Liner SHORT Dia. 40mm	1
B42	9013.65.015	Trial Liner MEDIUM Dia. 40mm	1
B42	9013.65.020	Trial Liner LONG Dia. 40mm	1
B42	9013.65.115	Trial Liner Lateralizing MEDIUM Dia. 40mm	1
B42	9013.65.120	Trial Liner Lateralizing LONG Dia. 40mm	1
C42	9013.74.105	Guide-Screw SMALL-R Trial Glenosphere	2
D42	9013.74.120	Guide-Screw Trial Glenosphere	2
E42	9013.74.401	Trial Glenosphere Dia. 40mm	1
F42	9013.74.440	Trial Glenosphere Dia. 44mm	1
F42	9013.74.444	Trial Glenosphere Dia. 44mm Corrective	1
G42	9013.74.605	Positioner for Glenosphere Plug	1
H42	9013.74.650	Trial Glenosphere Positioner	1
	9013.42.950	Instrument Tray	1
H42	9013.74.650 9013.42.950	Trial Glenosphere Positioner Instrument Tray	

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument Set

▼ 9013.47.000 SMR Reverse HP and Lateralized Glen. Set



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qt.
A47	9013.62.011	Trial Liner SHORT Dia.44mm	1
A47	9013.62.016	Trial Liner MEDIUM Dia.44mm	1
A47	9013.62.021	Trial Liner LONG Dia.44mm	1
A47	9013.62.116	Trial Liner Lateralizing MEDIUM Dia.44mm	1
A47	9013.62.121	Trial Liner Lateralizing LONG Dia.44mm	1
B47	9013.65.011	Trial Liner SHORT Dia.40mm	1
B47	9013.65.016	Trial Liner MEDIUM Dia.40mm	1
B47	9013.65.021	Trial Liner LONG Dia.40mm	1
B47	9013.65.116	Trial Liner Lateralizing MEDIUM Dia.40mm	1
B47	9013.65.121	Trial Liner Lateralizing LONG Dia.40mm	1
C47	9013.74.402	Trial Glenosphere Dia.40mm	1
D47	9013.74.441	Trial Glenosphere Dia.44mm	1
D47	9013.74.445	Trial Glenosphere Dia.44mm Corrective	1
E47	9013.74.606	Inserter for Glenosphere Plug	1
F47	9013.74.651	Dia. 40-44mm Glenosphere Orienter - LEFT	1
F47	9013.74.652	Dia. 40-44mm Glenosphere Orienter - RIGHT	1
G47	9013.74.105	Guide Screw for S-R Trial Glenosphere	2
G47	9013.74.120	Guide Screw for Trial Glenosphere	2
H47	9013.74.312	Trial Glenosphere Lat.+2mm Dia. 36mm	1
H47	9013.74.314	Trial Glenosphere Lat.+4mm Dia. 36mm	1
147	9013.74.502	Trial Glenosphere Lat.+2mm Dia. 40mm	1
147	9013.74.504	Trial Glenosphere Lat.+4mm Dia. 40mm	1
J47	9013.74.542	Trial Glenosphere Lat.+2mm Dia. 44mm	1
K47	9013.74.145	Glenosphere Extractor	1
	9013.47.990	Instrument Tray	1

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument set

### ▼ 9013.48.000 SMR Reverse Prosthesis Set



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
A48	9013.02.304	Inserter-Extractor Handle	1
B48	9013.50.121	Multipurpose Extractor	1
C48	9013.50.165	Threaded Extractor	1
D48	9013.50.175	Universal Stem for Extractor	1
E48	9013.50.210	Allen Wrench 5mm	1
E48	9013.50.211	Allen Wrench 3.5mm	1
F48	9013.50.303	Guide for Resection Jigs	1
G48	9013.50.305	Sickle	1
H48	9013.50.316	Alignment Rod	1
148	9013.52.002	Trial Extension for Reverse Humeral Body	1
J48	9013.52.024	Trial Reverse Humeral Body	1
K48	9013.52.304	Reverse Resection Jig - Deltopectoral Approach	1
L48	9013.52.305	Reverse Resection Jig - Lateral Approach	1
M48	9013.52.128	Guide for Conical Reamer	1
N48	9013.52.131	Conical Reamer	1
O48	9013.52.147	Reverse Adaptor Sleeve	1
Λ48	9013.52.148	Adaptor for Trial Reverse Humeral Body	1
P48	9013.52.142	Reverse Prosthesis Inserter	1
Q48	9013.52.165	Expansion Extractor	1
R48	9013.52.201	30° Stop Guide	1
S48	9013.60.011	STD Trial Liner	1
S48	9013.60.016	+3 Trial Liner	1
S48	9013.60.031	+6 Trial Liner	2
T48	9013.74.105	Guide Screw for S-R Trial Glenosphere	1
U48	9013.74.111	Trial Glenosphere Dia. 36mm	2
T48	9013.74.120	Guide Screw for Trial Glenosphere	1
V48	9013.74.131	Drive Shaft for Trial Glenosphere	1
W48	9013.74.144	Glenosphere Impactor	1
X48	9013.74.145	Glenosphere Extractor	1
Y48	9013.74.142	Ecc. Glenosphere Orienter	1
Z48	9013.76.031	Trial Ecc. Glenosphere Dia. 36mm	6
Г48	9066.15.100	Pin Ø3 x 100 mm	1
Δ48	9095.11.200	T-Handle with Zimmer Connection	1
Θ48	9095.11.907	Namba Shoulder Slide	1
J48	9013.52.014	Trial Reverse Humeral Body SHORT	1
M48	9013.52.129	Guide for Conical Reamer SHORT	1
	9013.48.990	Instrument Tray	

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument Set

▼ 9013.4A.000 SMR 140° Reverse Hum Body Instrument Set



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qt.
A4A	9013.52.314	Reverse Resection Jig 140°	1
B4A	9013.52.211	140° Stop Guide	1
C4A	9013.52.157	Reverse Adaptor Sleeve 140°	1
D4A	9013.52.158	Adaptor for Trial Reverse Humeral Body 140°	1
E4A	9013.52.138	Guide for Conical Reamer 140°	1
E4A	9013.52.139	Guide for Conical Reamer SHORT 140°	1
F4A	9013.52.034	Trial Reverse Humeral Body 140°	1
F4A	9013.52.044	Trial Reverse Humeral Body SHORT 140°	1
G4A	9013.52.152	Reverse Prosthesis Inserter 140°	1
H4A	9013.52.175	Expansion Extractor 140°	1
		Instrument Tray	1

▼ 9013.80.000 'Revison+Resection' Instrument Set for SMR Shoulder Prosthesis



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
A8	9013.08.134	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 13 h 150 mm	1
A8	9013.08.136	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 13 h 180 mm	1
A8	9013.08.144	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 14 h 150 mm	1
A8	9013.08.146	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 14 h 180 mm	1
A8	9013.08.148	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 14 h 210 mm	1
A8	9013.08.154	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 15 h 150 mm	1
A8	9013.08.156	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 15 h 180 mm	1
A8	9013.08.164	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 16 h 150 mm	1
<b>A8</b>	9013.08.166	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 16 h 180 mm	1
A8	9013.08.168	Trial Revision Stem Dia. 16 h 210 mm	1
B8	9013.13.010	Trial Resection Stem Dia. 7 mm H50 mm	1
B8	9013.13.040	Trial Resection Stem Dia. 7 mm H80 mm	1
B8	9013.13.110	Trial Resection Stem Dia. 10 mm H50 mm	1
B8	9013.13.140	Trial Resection Stem Dia. 10 mm H80 mm	1
C8	9013.13.200	Dia. 13 mm Wrench	2
D8	9013.14.020	Trial Modular Spacer H20 mm	1
D8	9013.14.030	Trial Modular Spacer H30 mm	1
D8	9013.14.040	Trial Modular Spacer H40 mm	1
D8	9013.14.050	Trial Modular Spacer H50 mm	1
	9013.80.950	Instrument Tray	1

# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Instrument set

▼ 9013.90.000 'CTA' Instrument Set for SMR Shoulder Prosthesis



Ref.	CODE	DESCRIPTION	Qty.
A9	9013.30.100	Pliers for Trial Adaptor	1
B9	9013.23.420	Trial CTA Head Dia. 42 mm	1
B9	9013.23.460	Trial CTA Head Dia. 46 mm	1
B9	9013.23.500	Trial CTA Head Dia. 50 mm	1
B9	9013.23.540	Trial CTA Head Dia. 54 mm	1
C9	9013.23.600	Trial Adaptor Dia. 36 mm	1
	9013.90.950	Instrument Tray	1





### ▼ FINNED HUMERAL BODY WITH LOCKING SCREW

Ti6Al4V	1350.15.110	Finned Humeral Body Medium
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#### ▼ TRAUMA HUMERAL BODIES WITH LOCKING SCREW

Ti6Al4V	1350.15.010	Medium
	1350.15.020	Long
	1350.15.030	Short

### CEMENTED STEMS L. 80 MM

Ti6Al4V	1306.15.120	Dia. 12 mm
	1306.15.140	Dia. 14 mm
	1306.15.160	Dia. 16 mm
	1306.15.180	Dia. 18 mm
	1306.15.200	Dia. 20 mm

### ▼ CEMENTLESS FINNED STEMS L. 60 MM

Ti6Al4V	1304.15.110	Dia. 11 mm	
	1304.15.120	Dia. 12 mm	
	1304.15.130	Dia. 13 mm	

#### CEMENTLESS FINNED STEMS L. 80 MM

Ti6Al4V	1304.15.140	Dia. 14 mm
	1304.15.150	Dia. 15 mm
	1304.15.160	Dia. 16 mm
	1304.15.170	Dia. 17 mm
	1304.15.180	Dia. 18 mm
	1304.15.190	Dia. 19 mm
	1304.15.200	Dia. 20 mm
	1304.15.210	Dia. 21 mm
	1304.15.220	Dia. 22 mm
	1304.15.230	Dia. 23 mm
	1304.15.240	Dia. 24 mm

### CEMENTLESS FINNED SHORT STEMS L. 45MM

Ti6Al4V	1304.15.014	Dia. 14mm
	1304.15.015	Dia. 15mm
	1304.15.016	Dia. 16mm
	1304.15.017	Dia. 17mm
	1304.15.018	Dia. 18mm
	1304.15.019	Dia. 19mm
	1304.15.020	Dia. 20mm
	1304.15.021	Dia. 21mm
	1304.15.022	Dia. 22mm
	1304.15.023	Dia. 23mm
	1304.15.024	Dia. 24mm
	1304.15.025	Dia. 25mm
	1304.15.026	Dia. 26mm

### LARGE RESECTION STEMS

Ti6Al4V	1313.15.010	Dia. 7 mm, h 50 mm
	1313.15.040	Dia. 7 mm, h 80 mm
	1313.15.110	Dia. 10 mm, h 50 mm
	1313.15.140	Dia. 10 mm, h 80 mm

#### ▼ MODULAR SPACERS FOR LARGE RESECTION STEMS

Ti6Al4V	1314.15.020	h 20 mm
	1314.15.030	h 30 mm
	1314.15.040	h 40 mm
	1314.15.050	h 50 mm



### RING

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### ▼ CEMENTED REVISION STEMS

Ti6Al4V	1309.15.134	Dia. 13 mm - h 150 mm
	1309.15.136	Dia. 13 mm - h 180 mm
	1309.15.138	Dia. 13 mm - h 210 mm
	1309.15.154	Dia. 15 mm - h 150 mm
	1309.15.156	Dia. 15 mm - h 180 mm
	1309.15.158	Dia. 15 mm - h 210 mm









### ▼ CEMENTLESS REVISION STEMS

Ti6Al4V	1308.15.134	Dia. 13 mm - h 150 mm
	1308.15.136	Dia. 13 mm - h 180 mm
	1308.15.144	Dia. 14 mm - h 150 mm
	1308.15.146	Dia. 14 mm - h 180 mm
	1308.15.154	Dia. 15 mm - h 150 mm
	1308.15.156	Dia. 15 mm - h 180 mm
	1308.15.164	Dia. 16 mm - h 150 mm
	1308.15.166	Dia. 16 mm - h 180 mm



# 1 10

CT I

### NEUTRAL ADAPTOR TAPERS

Ti6Al4V	1330.15.270	0 mm
	1331.15.270	0 mm, Long

### ▼ ECCENTRICAL ADAPTOR TAPERS

Ti6Al4V	1330.15.272	+ 2 mm
	1330.15.274	+ 4 mm
	1330.15.278	+ 8 mm
		LONG
	1331.15.272	+ 2 mm
	1331.15.274	+ 4 mm
	1331.15.278	+ 8 mm

### HUMERAL HEADS

CoCrMo	1322.09.400	Dia. 40 mm
	1322.09.420	Dia. 42 mm
	1322.09.440	Dia. 44 mm
	1322.09.460	Dia. 46 mm
	1322.09.480	Dia. 48 mm
	1322.09.500	Dia. 50 mm
	1322.09.520	Dia. 52 mm
	1322.09.540	Dia. 54 mm



CoCrMo	1321.09.401	Dia. 40 mm H13
	1321.09.402	Dia. 40 mm H13 ECC2
	1321.09.404	Dia. 40 mm H13 ECC4
	1321.09.407	Dia. 40 mm H13 ECC7
	1321.09.421	Dia. 42 mm H13
	1321.09.422	Dia. 42 mm H13 ECC 2
	1321.09.424	Dia. 42 mm H13 ECC 4
	1321.09.427	Dia. 42 mm H13 ECC 7
	1321.09.441	Dia. 44 mm H14
	1321.09.461	Dia. 46 mm H15
	1321.09.481	Dia. 48 mm H16
	1322.09.501	Dia. 50 mm H16
	1322.09.521	Dia. 52 mm H17
	1322.09.541	Dia. 54 mm H18
	1324.09.401	Dia. 40 mm H17
	1324.09.421	Dia. 42 mm H17
	1324.09.441	Dia. 44 mm H18
	1324.09.461	Dia. 46 mm H19
	1324.09.481	Dia. 48 mm H20
	1324.09.501	Dia. 50 mm H21
	1324.09.521	Dia. 52 mm H22
	1324.09.541	Dia. 54 mm H23





### ▼ CTA HUMERAL HEADS

CoCrMo	1323.09.420	Dia. 42 mm
	1323.09.460	Dia. 46 mm
	1323.09.500	Dia. 50 mm
	1323.09.540	Dia. 54 mm

### ▼ CTA HEADS ADAPTOR FOR REVERSE HUMERAL BODY

Ti6Al4V	1352.15.200	Adaptor 36 mm for Reverse Humeral Body	•

#### ▼ REVERSE HUMERAL BODIES WITH LOCKING SCREW

Ti6Al4V		150° NECK-SHAFT ANGLE
	1352.20.010	HA Coated Reverse Humeral Body
	1352.15.005	Reverse Humeral Body - Short
	1352.15.050	Finned Reverse Humeral Body for Trauma
		140° NECK-SHAFT ANGLE
	1352.20.011	HA Coated SMR 140° Reverse Humeral Body
	1352.15.015	SMR 140° Short Reverse Humeral Body
	1352.15.051	SMR 140° Finned Reverse Humeral Body
		EXTENSIONS
	1352.15.001	Humeral Extension +9 mm

### ▼ REVERSE LINERS 36 MM



UHMWPE X-LIMA	1360.50.010	Standard	
	1360.50.015	+3 mm	
	1360.50.020	+6 mm	
	1361.50.010	Retentive Std.	•
	1361.50.015	Retentive +3 mm	
	1361.50.020	Retentive +6 mm	











### ▼ GLENOSPHERE 36 MM WITH CONNECTOR

CoCrMo	1374.09.105	Glenosphere dia. 36 mm - Small-R
	1374.09.110	Glenosphere dia. 36 mm
	1376.09.025	Eccentrical Glenosphere dia. 36 mm - Small-R
	1376.09.030	Eccentrical Glenosphere dia. 36 mm

### ▼ GLENOSPHERE 36 MM

CoCrMo	1374.09.111	Glenosphere dia. 36 mm
	1376.09.031	Eccentrical Glenosphere dia. 36 mm

### ▼ REVERSE HP LINERS

CoCrMo		DIA. 40 MM
	1365.09.010	Liner dia. 40 mm - Short
	1365.09.015	Liner dia. 40 mm - Medium
	1365.09.020	Liner dia. 40 mm - Long
	1365.09.115	Lateralizing Liner 40 mm - Medium
	1365.09.120	Lateralizing Liner 40 mm - Long
		DIA. 44 MM
	1362.09.010	Liner dia. 44 mm Short
	1362.09.015	Liner dia. 44 mm Medium
	1362.09.020	Liner dia. 44 mm Long
	1362.09.115	Lateralizing Liner 44 mm - Medium
	1362.09.120	Lateralizing Liner 44 mm - Long



### ▼ REVERSE HP GLENOSPHERE

UHMWPE X-LIMA + Ti6Al4V		DIA. 40 MM
	1374.50.400	Glenosphere dia. 40 mm
		DIA. 44 MM
	1374.50.440	Glenosphere dia. 44 mm
	1374.50.444	Corrective Glenosphere dia. 44 mm



### CONNECTORS WITH SCREW \*

Ti6Al4V	1374.15.305	Connector with Screw - Small-Rt
	1374.15.310	Connector with Screw - Small STD

\* Necessary with REVERSE HP, optional with 36 mm glenospheres

### ▼ LATERALIZED CONNECTORS WITH SCREW

Ti6Al4V	1374.15.312	SMALL-R Connector +2mm	
	1374.15.314	SMALL-R Connector +4mm	
	1374.15.322	SMALL / STD Connector +2mm	
	1374.15.324	SMALL / STD Connector +4mm	

	MB Size	Regular (mm)	+2 Connector (mm)	+4 Connector (mm)
36mm	Small-R	5.1	7.1	9.1
	Small/STD	5.4	7.4	9.4
HP 40mm	Small-R	5.5	7.6	9.6
	Small/STD	5.9	7.9	9.9
HP 44mm	Small-R	5	7	
	Small/STD	5.4	7.4	

Centre of rotation lateralization from glenoid surface obtained using different connectors.
# SMR PRIMARY SURGICAL TECHNIQUE Product Codes





X-LIMA 1070 F1 010 Store dord	
1379.51.010 Standard	
1379.51.020 Small	
1379.51.030 Large	

# ▼ METAL BACK GLENOIDS

Ti6Al4V + PoroTi + HA	1375.20.005	Small - R
	1375.20.020	Small
	1375.20.010	Standard
	1375.20.030	Large



# ▼ BONE SCREWS

Ti6Al4V		DIA. 6.5 MM
	8420.15.010	L. 20 mm
	8420.15.020	L. 25 mm
	8420.15.030	L. 30 mm
	8420.15.040	L. 35 mm
	8420.15.050	L. 40 mm



# ▼ GLENOID PLATES \*

Ti CP	1374.15.505	Small-R - Double
	1374.15.510	Small STD - Double

\* Glenoid Plates are suitable only for REVERSE HP

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#### Limacorporate S.p.A.

Via Nazionale, 52 33038 Villanova di San Daniele del Friuli Udine - Italy T +39 0432 945511 F +39 0432 945512 info@limacorporate.com limacorporate.com

#### Lima Implantes Slu

Francisco Sancha, 4 3ª planta 28034 Madrid - Spain T +34 91 088 53 83 F +34 91 088 51 78 limacorporate.com

#### Lima France sas

1, Allée des Alisiers Immeuble "Le Galilée" 69500 Bron France T +33 4 87 25 84 30 F +33 4 42 04 17 25 info@limafrance.com

#### Lima O.I. doo - Ortopedia I Implantati

Ante Kovačića, 3 10000 Zagreb - Croatia T +385 (0) 1 2361 740 F +385 (0) 1 2361 745 lima-oi@lima-oi.hr

# Lima Switzerland sa

Birkenstrasse, 49 6343 Rotkreuz - Zug Switzerland T +41 (0) 41 747 06 60 F +41 (0) 41 747 06 69 info@lima-switzerland.ch

#### Lima Japan K.K.

Tokyo Front Terrace 13F 2-3-14 Higashi-shinagawa, Shinagawa, Tokyo 140-0002 Japan

#### Lima CZ sro

Do Zahrádek I., 157/5 155 21 Praha 5 - Třebonice Czech Republic T +420 222 720 011 F +420 222 723 568 info@limacz.cz

#### Lima Deutschland GmbH

Gasstraße 18 | Haus 4 22761 Hamburg - Germany T +49 40 2383 462 - 0 F +49 40 2383 462 - 99 info@lima-deutschland.com

#### Lima Austria GmbH

Seestadtstrasse 27 / Top 6-7 1220 Wien - Austria T +43 (1) 2712469 F +43 (1) 2712469101 office@lima-austria.at

#### Lima SK s.r.o.

Cesta na Stadiòn 7 97404 Banská Bystrica - Slovakia T +421 484 161 126 F +421 484 161 138 info@lima-sk.sk

#### Lima Netherlands B.V.

Havenstraat 30 3115 HD Schiedam The Netherlands T +31 (0) 10 246 26 60 F +31 (0) 10 246 26 61 info@limanederland.nl limanederland.nl

#### Lima Implantes Portugal S.U. Lda

Rua Pêro Vaz de Caminha 8 E 2660-441 St<sup>o</sup> António Cavaleiros Portugal T +35 121 727 233 7 F +35 121 296 119 2 lima@limaportugal.com

#### Lima Orthopaedics Australia Pty Ltd

Unit 1, 40 Ricketts Road Mt Waverley 3149 Victoria - Australia T +61 (03) 9550 0200 F +61 (03) 9543 4003 limaortho.com.au

# Lima Orthopaedics New Zealand Pty Ltd

20 Crummer Rd Grey Lynn 1021 Auckland 1021

#### New Zealand T +64 93606010 F +64 93606080

#### Lima Orthopaedics UK Ltd

Unit 1, Campus 5 Third Avenue Letchworth Garden City Hertfordshire - SG6 2JF United Kingdom T +44 (0) 844 332 0661 F +44 (0) 844 332 0662

#### Lima USA Inc.

2001 NE Green Oaks Blvd., Suite 100 Arlington, TX 76006 T +1 817-385-0777 F +1 817-385-0377

#### Lima Sweden AB

Box 180 SE-184 22 Akersberga Sweden T +46 8 544 103 80 F +46 8 540 862 68 www.linksweden.se

#### Lima Italy

Centro Direzionale Milanofiori Strada 1 - Palazzo F9 20057 Assago - Milano - Italy T +39 02 57791301

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#### Lima Korea Co. Ltd

2FL., EunSung Bldg., 741 Yeongdong-daero, Gangnam Gu, Seoul, 06071 South Korea T +82 2 538 4212 F +82 2 528 0706

### Lima do Brasil LTDA

Alameda Campinas 728 2° andar salas 201, 202, 203 e 204 Jardim Paulista - São Paulo, SP CEP:01404-001 Brasil T +55 11 3285 4497 contacto@limadobrasil.com.br

#### Lima Belgium srl

Chaussée de Wavre 504, boîte 5A 1390 Grez-Doiceau - Belgium T +32 (0) 10 888 804 info@limabelgium.be

#### Lima Denmark ApS

Lyngebækgårds Allé 2 2990 Nivå - Denmark T +45 45860028 F +45 4586 0068 mail@Lima-Denmark.dk

## Lima Polska Sp. z o.o.

ul. Ul. Łopuszańska 95 02-457 Warsaw Poland T 0048 22 6312786 F 0048 22 6312604 biuro@limapolska.pl

#### 励玛(北京)医疗器械有限公司 Lima (Beijing) Medical Devices Co., Ltd.

中国北京市朝阳区利泽中二路1号中辰大厦6层 616室 Room 616, GF Zhongchen Building, No.1 Lize Zhong 2 Road Chaoyang District, Beijing - PR China limachinaoffice@limacorporate.com

#### Lima Orthopaedics Canada Inc.

3715 Laird Road Suite Unit 9 Mississauga, ON, Canada T +1 289 230 0645 orderscanada@limacorporate.com Copyright @ Limacorporate S.p.A. - All rights reserved.



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